Memorization - Week 6

Spring Branch Academy – Page 1 **Theology** Language Theology of Revelation **Eight Parts of Speech** His Works. His Words. His Word Nouns and Proper Nouns **Prophecy** and **Inspiration Pronouns** – in place of a noun Infallible, inerrant, and impeccable. Students should at least learn the *personal pronouns*: Canonization – recognizing that a book is inspired **Subjective Objective** Person Canon – the official list of inspired books $1^{\,\mathrm{st}}$ I, we me, us How? The books bear witness to themselves. 2^{nd} you, y'all you, y'all 3rd Sing the books of the New Testament! he/she/it, they him/her/it, them **Scripture Proverb** Justification through Faith Give ear and hear the words of the wise "Behold, as for the proud one, and set your heart to what I know; his soul is not right within him; for words are pleasant when they arise but the righteous will live by his faith." assembled and ready from down below. —Habakkuk 2:4 **Justification through Works** That in the Lord may be your trust, "However, the Law is not of faith; on the contrary, I teach you now today—I must! 'He who does them shall live by them.' " -Galatians 3:12 Have I not written to you Salvation is through Faith, Not Works thirty words "By grace are you saved through faith, in counsel and information, and this not of yourselves, it is the gift of God, That you may learn, not by works, that no man should boast." that you may answer —Ephesians 2:8-9 the truth in recitation? **Bonus: The Ten Commandments** Six Exodus 20 and Deuteronomy 5 If you dine with a king, God is one! The tables, two! Please remember one thing: Ten Commandments we must do. That you are a bloke, Have no other gods but Me; And he is a king. To no image bend your knee. So if you love veal and goat, Do not take God's name in vain; Put a knife to your throat: Sabbath days, do not profane. The food is a lie-Honor father, mother too, A deception. Take note!

That it may go well with you.

Often, Lord, these laws we break! Save us now for Jesus' sake. II. God is one! The tables, two!

> Ten Commandments we must do. Do not take your neighbor's life. Do not take your neighbor's wife. Do not steal your neighbor's gain. Do not ruin your neighbor's name.

Do not covet anything—

House or wife or slave or things. Often, Lord, these laws we break! Save us now for Jesus' sake.

-from Proverbs 23:1-3



Memorization - Week 6

Spring Branch Academy - Page 2

Math

Cardinal Numbers, **Ordinal** Numbers, and **Numerals** We also have **even** numbers, **odd** numbers!

Sets of Numbers

Natural Numbers – 1, 2, 3... (cardinal numbers)
Whole Numbers – 0, 1, 2, 3...
Integers - ...-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3...
Rational Numbers – can be written as
a fraction of two integers

Irrational Numbers – cannot be written as a fraction of two integers

Real Numbers = Rational + Irrational Numbers Imaginary Numbers - a multiple of $\sqrt{-1}$ Complex Numbers = Real + Imaginary Numbers

III . .1 .1

Science

What are the three main **sciences** and their definitions? What are their breakthrough **instruments**?

Organizational Biology

Cell – the smallest unit that is *alive*

Cells build Tissues
Tissues build Organs
Organs build Organisms
Organisms build Ecosystems
Ecosystems build Biomes
Biomes build the Biosphere of all earthly life.

Geography and Chronology

Introduction Chant

One, two, three, four, seven, ten, and twelve, Four-dee, sev'n-dee, tell the story well!

One, Two, Three, and Four

A moment, a location—a point in time and space. Visible/Invisible, Beginning/End, BC/AD Heavens, Earth, and Sea Past, Present, and Future Yesterday, Today, and Tomorrow Spring and Summer, Fall and Winter North and South, East and West

Seven

Sing the Revelation Seven Song with gusto!

Mediterranean and Mesopotamia

The sea in the middle of the land, And the land in the middle of the rivers, And Israel in the middle of the middles.



History

The Bible Timeline

Adam and Eve and the *two*, Cain and Abel, Noah, the Flood, and the tower of Babel, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob—our fathers, Sarah, Rebekah, and rivalling mothers, Reuben and Simeon, Levi and Judah, Joseph and Benjamin—twelve sons in all, An unlikely *way* to answer the fall.

Who are Jacob and Esau?

The bad twin brothers born to Isaac and Rebekah.

Oh, Jacob loved to wheel and deal a meal for a birthright, a blessing to steal— No wonder they called him Catching-the-Heel, But who would make feel and kneel?

God's grace at Bethel, but Leah for Rachel, He finally *felt*, at the dawning of Penuel—He finally *knelt*, at the altar of Bethel—No longer Jacob, but God's chosen one, Israel.

Explanation – Week 6 Spring Branch Academy – Page 3

Parents can work on this larger passage at home. The original can also be memorized (Exodus 20:1-17).

Theology	Language
Review the Theology of Revelation , especially: His Works, His Words, His Word Prophecy and Inspiration Necessary Conditions — what must be true If the Bible is the word of God, then it must be: Infallible, inerrant, and impeccable. Sufficient Conditions — what proves it to be true The Bible must bear witness to itself (cf. Heb. 6:13). The Bible does bear witness to itself (John 7:17). This self-attestation grounds canonization: The church sees the intrinsic glory in Scripture. The church receives the books without a council. Sing the books of the New Testament!	Review noun, proper noun, and the parts of speech: Nouns and pronouns, Verbs and adverbs, Adjectives and interjections, Prepositions and conjunctions. A pronoun is "in place of a noun." Students should at least learn the personal pronouns: Person Subjective Objective 1st I, we me, us 2nd you, y'all you, y'all 3rd he/she/it, they him/her/it, them In teaching "Person," point to the person involved. There are many more pronouns that could be taught: Possessive – my, your, his/her/its, our, your, theirs Demonstrative – this/these (near), that/those (far) Interrogative – who/whom, whose, which, what Relative – who(ever)/whom(ever), which, that Reciprocal – each other, one another Indefinite – any, some, no, every + body/one/thing
Scripture	Proverb
The tutor asks the question and students respond. The first two verses are the priority in the first year. How are we, as sinners, made right with God? "Behold, as for the proud one, his soul is not right within him; but the righteous will live by his faith." —Habakkuk 2:4 Note: Pride and faith are contrasted. We must become humble, if we are to believe. How would we be right with God, if we did not sin? "However, the Law is not of faith; on the contrary, 'He who does them shall live by them.'" —Galatians 3:12 Note: The form "live by" is in both verses. How are we saved from sin and death? "By grace are you saved through faith, and this not of yourselves, it is the gift of God, not by works, that no man should boast." —Ephesians 2:8-9 Note: Both grace and faith contradict works as a basis. The Reformation is correct—grace alone, faith alone. Sing the bonus to "Hark the Herald Angels Sing."	The teacher should memorize the introduction and quote it with lively emphasis, while looking the students one by one in the eye. Memorize: If you dine with a king, Please remember one thing: That you are a bloke, And he is a king. So if you love veal and goat, Put a knife to your throat: The food is a lie— A deception. Take note! —from Proverbs 23:1-3 The saying should be memorized, but not the reference. Show the picture (see the document of thirty pictures). Note: Rulers in government often give gifts with ulterior motives ("strings attached"); therefore, encourage the students to strive to live independent of government support.

Math

Review cardinal and ordinal numbers, then numerals. Review the chant for even and odd numbers.

The sets of numbers in this lesson are all the numbers. The students should learn through rational numbers. The higher sets are also fun for students to see!

Note: A rational number makes a *ratio* (i.e., fraction). However, it must be a ratio of integers. For example, π is irrational, not rational. Even though π is by definition the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter, that ratio is never an integer over an integer.

Science

Review the three main **sciences** and their **definitions**:

Biology – the study of life

Chemistry – the study of matter

Physics – the study of the basic laws of nature

Review the three breakthrough **instruments**:

Biology – microscope

Chemistry – air pump

Physics – telescope

In teaching the **organizational** side of biology: God built the world of life with components. Animals differ in construction and organization.

Geography and Chronology

The class chants the first poem together. Review what we learned of time and space: "One", "Two", "Three", and "Four". Sing the Revelation Seven Song with lots of gusto!

> Seven seals, seven trumpets, Seven bowls lead to judgment; Are you ready for that final day? Sealed in Christ, we are forgiven, Saved from wrath and bound for heaven: Jesus is the sinner's only Way.

To get to "Ten," we must first learn some geography: *Mediterranean* – lit. "the middle of the land" Students enjoy the mention of "Middle Earth." *Mesopotamia* – lit. "the middle of the rivers" The rivers are the Euphrates and the Tigris. *Israel* – lies between these two areas of civilization

"This is Jerusalem; I have set her in the midst of the nations, with lands around her."

-Ezekiel 5:5

"...who live in the navel of the earth."

—Ezekiel 38:12

Now learn the rivers:

The Nile River flows into the Mediterranean Sea. The Euphrates and Tigris through Mesopotamia.

Now learn the empires:

Egypt on the Nile, Babylon on the Euphrates, Assyria on the Tigris, and Israel in the middle!

History

The Bible history timeline can be chanted or sung. This is just the start of a multi-verse poem.

The answer to the question is not intended for memory. Please have the students memorize the poem.

Jacob and Esau are twin sons of Isaac and Rebekah. Both brothers are bad, but in different ways. Esau's sins are visible, unlike Jacob's (1 Tim. 5:24).

Jacob is a wheeler and a dealer:

His name means "deceiver" (lit. "heel-catcher"). He makes vows, even with God (Gen. 28:20-22). A vow promises to do something, if God acts. Unlike Abraham, he does not simply believe. How much of his trouble is due to him (Gen. 47:9)?

Therefore, Jacob accents the grace of God: God chose Jacob, passed by Esau (Rom. 9:10-13). Neither deserved to live, so God is not at fault.

At Penuel, God changed Jacob's heart (Gen. 32). At Bethel, Jacob showed his new heart (Gen. 35).