PSALM 149-150

Psalm 149

"Be not afraid of saying too much in the praises of God: all the danger is of saying too little." [Matthew Henry]. These last two Psalms are dedicated to praising God, as has been most all the other 148 Psalms. Giving praise to God is the ______ form of worship the believer can give.

The for people to praise God Vs 1-3 I. New song-_____ praise motivated by the present relationship between the Α. worshipper and God Vs 1a In the congregation of saints Vs 1b Β. Praise should be a common practice within the ______ of believers 1. 2. _____ praise can only come from those who have been redeemed Israel-God's chosen people were to praise God Vs 2-3 C. Praise included ______ in God Vs 2a 1. Praise was to be filled with joy toward their _____ Vs 2b 2. Their praise was to be _____ and jubilant Vs 3 3. II. _____ for the people's praise of God Vs 4 The ____ God ______ in his children V 4a Α. God carefully ______ over and protects those dependent on him Vs 4b Β. The ______ in God required for praise of God Vs 5-9b III. Their confidence promotes _____ Vs 5 Α. Β. Their confidence promotes _____ Vs 6 Their confidence produces _____ against the ungodly Vs 7-9a C. Their ______ in warfare was dictated by God 1. Their ______ in warfare was dependent on God 2. Their ______ for war was defined by God 3. All The guidelines for war were found in the _____ given to Moses 4. Their confidence in God produced glory for God and was ______ among the people D. Vs 9b "In the multitude of people is the king's honor" Proverb 14:28a IV. The ______ reminder with which the Psalm began Vs 9c "Praise ye the LORD."

Psalm 150

In the final Psalm God inspired the writer to make sure the word "Praise" is found in **each** line of the Psalm. "Worship may be defined as the proper response of the entire person—mind, heart, and will—to all God is— Creator, Ruler, and Redeemer." Steven J. Lawson

- I. Praise _____ Vs 1
 - A. Ye-individually and _____
 - B. In his sanctuary-when _____ with other believers
 - C. In the firmament of his power-when _____ with God
- II. Praise is to be _____ Vs 2 A. For his mighty acts-because of his _____

- 1. His acts are _____
- 2. His acts are _____ according to the need
- 3. His acts are ______-coming directly from God, and not secondhanded
- B. According to his excellent greatness-because of his sovereignty
 - 1. *Excellent*-multiple, _____
 - 2. *Greatness*-display of _____
- III. Praise is to be _____ Vs 3-5
 - A. With the trumpet-a ram's horn; in our day it would be ______ instruments
 - B. With the psaltery and harp
 - 1. Psaltery-____
 - 2. *Harp*-A lyre or harp; it indicates a stringed instrument with a built-in acoustical chest or board [The Complete Word Study: Old Testament]
 - C. With the timbrel and dance
 - 1. *Timbrel-____*
 - 2. Dance-dancing, a _____ expression of joy
 - D. With stringed instruments and organs
 - 1. Stringed instruments
 - 2. Organs-instruments with pipes: flute, _____
 - E. With high-sounding cymbals-metal _____
 - 1. Loud cymbals-the _____ of cymbals
 - 2. *High sounding cymbals*-loud clash of cymbals

IV. Praise is to come from _____ Vs 6a

- A. Breath-the ______ which God gave to man and all living animals and creatures on land and in the sea
- B. Hath breath-is _____
- V. Final _____ Vs 6b "Praise ye the LORD"

"Give praise to God who reigns above

For perfect knowledge, wisdom, love.

His judgments are divine, devout,

His paths beyond all tracing out.

Come, lift your voice to heaven's throne,

And glory give to God alone!"

James Montgomery Boice