- no more? Because God has no delight in the death of the wicked. God delights in being merciful! (Micah 7:18)
- B. WHY would Ezekiel take on and continue in such a seemingly unfruitful ministry among such an impudent, hard-hearted people?
 - 1. Because of what God had done for Ezekiel the visions of God given to him, 1:1-28a. Often referenced throughout this book of Ezekiel (3:23; 8:4; 10:15, 20, 22; 43:2&3). It was something that Ezekiel never forgot. It was always present with him to encourage and strengthen him in the work God gave him to do.
 - 2. Because of the preparation and enablement God gave to Ezekiel to do this work, 3:7-9
 - 3. Because it is was Ezekiel's desire to please God by doing God's revealed will

IV. Applications

- A. What is your response to God's command to turn from your sinful, self-centered way of living and to love Him supremely, living your life to please Him? This is the gospel call! It is a call, a gracious command to repent of your sins against God; and to plead with God to apply Christ's shed blood on the cross to pay your sin debt and to cloth you with Christ's attained righteousness, both of which, when applied to you, will make you forever accepted in God's sight. Here is the hope that God will hear such a prayer from you and do this for you, Jesus said, "...and the one who comes to Me I will by no means cast out." Jn.:37b
- B. Learning from Ezekiel:
 - 1. Ezekiel is an example of what is stated in Gal.2:20
 - 2. Ezekiel's motivation for being faithful in the ministry that God had given to him was the love of God that was poured into Ezekiel at his regeneration (Rom.5:5). The love of God that Ezekiel wanted to manifest to God, giving himself to doing those things that please God, doing God's revealed will. Ezekiel's earnest desire was to be conformed to the image of the coming Son of God who loved Ezekiel and gave Himself for Ezekiel.
 - 3. Ezekiel's love for sinners, who are in the bondage of sin, needing to hear the gospel of Christ. Rom.1:16.

Responses to a Watchman's Warning

Ezek.33:10-33

I. The Watchman's Duty Reviewed

- A. Ezekiel's appointment to be the LORD God's watchman for the house of Israel 33:7
- B. Ezekiel's Duty as God's appointed watchman for the house of Israel:
 - 1. <u>To warn</u> the house of Israel of the coming wrath of God against them, nationally and individually for being impudent and hard-hearted against God and God's word.
 - 2. <u>To speak God's word</u> to those Israelites already living in Babylonian captivity
 - o "...therefore you shall hear a word from My mouth and warn them for Me." 33:7 > 10a, 12a, 25a, 27a
 - Example: When told to tell the wicked, "... O wicked man, you shall surely die!..." 33:8

II. The 4 Responses to a Watchman's Warning recorded in Ezek. 33

- A. Smitten, guilty consciences <u>contemplating</u> (but not acknowledging) the depth, the misery and the hopelessness of their own depravity (sinfulness) 33:10-16
 - 1. The contemplation: "...If our transgressions and our sins lie upon us..." 33:10
 - 2. The misery: "...and we pine away in them..."
 - 3. The hopelessness: "...how can we then live?"
 - 4. The Lord's recorded response to those in this spiritual state of heart and mind 33:11
 - o The declaration of His heart "... 'As I live', says the Lord GOD, 'I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but that the wicked turn from his way and live...' "
 - The compassionate command to repent "...'Turn, turn from your evil ways! For why should you die, O house of Israel?"
 - o The necessity and sufficiency of this repentance
 - The outwardly righteous man's own righteousnesses are insufficient Isa.64:6; <u>example</u>: Nicodemus, Jn.3:1-8, a Pharisee, a ruler of the Jews

- The wicked man's wickedness is no obstacle to God's acceptance, IF the wicked person truly repents example: Manasseh, 2 Chron.33:1-16
- B. Smitten, guilty consciences seeking to divert attention away from their own depravity (sinfulness) accusing God of unfairness 33:17-20
 - 1. "Yet the children of your people say, 'The way of the Lord is not fair.'"
 - 2. The Lord's recorded response to those manifesting this spiritual state of heart and mind: "...But it is their way that is not fair!...O house of Israel, I will judge every one of you according to his own ways." 33:17b, 20b Unless such people acknowledge their sin against God and repent, they will die in their iniquity. In other words, the wrath of God will be upon them eternally.
- C. Stubborn, presumptive hearts and minds, seeking to comfort themselves with God's word and promises, which do not apply to them. 33:23-29
 - 1. Even after the fall of Jerusalem (33:21), those surviving inhabitants in Jerusalem, were still maintaining that they would be blessed by God and were still in God's favor, even though they refused to acknowledge their sinfulness in God's eyes and turn to God in repentance. Even after God's severe, temporal judgment had been experienced!
 - 2. <u>Their sin noted</u>, 33:23, 24. Still clinging to their heritage (bloodline) connection with Abraham.
 - 3. The Lord God's recorded response to those manifesting this spiritual state of heart and mind communicated correction and further judgment. 33:25-29
 - It is only those who are born of God spiritually, that are given the right to become children of God and enjoy the inheritance that goes with that relationship, Jn.1:12, 13
 - Once again we observed the spiritual blindness of unregenerated people and their refusal to admit that God is angry with them every day (Ps.7:11) and that God will eternally reject them, if they continue refusing to acknowledge their sin against God and to repent. (Matt.7:21-23)

- 4. The end result of the this judgment of God There will most certainly come a time when "...they will know that I am the LORD..." 3:29
- D. Settled, deceptive hearts and minds manifesting much outward love in hearing the communicated word of God, but (not doing the word of God) whose hearts are set on inwardly pursuing their own gain. 33:30-33
 - 1. This response to the gospel is quite different from the others we have observed in Ezek.33. These Israelites:
 - Were willing to hear the word of the Lord that came to them through Ezekiel.
 - Invited and encouraged others to come hear the word that came from the Lord, acknowledging that what they heard from Ezekiel was coming from the Lord
 - Manifested "much love" in receiving God's word and in receiving God's watchman that brought them God's word
 - o Put a pleasant value upon hearing God's word
 - o BUT they did not obey the words that come from God! They do not do what God told them to do!
 - WHY? Because their heart did not love God supremely.
 - WHY? Because their hearts were set on pursuing their own temporal gain.
 - They were content with being pleasant hearers of God's word, but not desirous to be doers of God's word.
 - 2. The Lord God's recorded response to those manifesting this spiritual state of heart and mind There is certainly coming a time when they will look back on that time and acknowledge that a prophet of God was among them. If they die in this spiritual state, they will regret eternally that they did not call upon God to change their heart to pursue after God, loving Him will all their heart, mind and soul. But then it will be too late.

III. A Watchman's response to these sad responses

A. Why would God send Ezekiel to these rebellious people and keep Ezekiel ministering to them long after Jerusalem was

- no more? Because God has no delight in the death of the wicked. God delights in being merciful! (Micah 7:18)
- B. WHY would Ezekiel take on and continue in such a seemingly unfruitful ministry among such an impudent, hard-hearted people?
 - 1. Because of what God had done for Ezekiel the visions of God given to him, 1:1-28a. Often referenced throughout this book of Ezekiel (3:23; 8:4; 10:15, 20, 22; 43:2&3). It was something that Ezekiel never forgot. It was always present with him to encourage and strengthen him in the work God gave him to do.
 - 2. Because of the preparation and enablement God gave to Ezekiel to do this work, 3:7-9
 - 3. Because it is was Ezekiel's desire to please God by doing God's revealed will

IV. Applications

A. What is your response to God's command to turn from your sinful, self-centered way of living and to love Him supremely, living your life to please Him? This is the gospel call! It is a call, a gracious command to repent of your sins against God; and to plead with God to apply Christ's shed blood on the cross to pay your sin debt and to cloth you with Christ's attained righteousness, both of which, when applied to you, will make you forever accepted in God's sight. Here is the hope that God will hear such a prayer from you and do this for you, Jesus said, "...and the one who comes to Me I will by no means cast out." Jn.:37b

B. Learning from Ezekiel:

- 1. Ezekiel is an example of what is stated in Gal.2:20.
- 2. Ezekiel's motivation for being faithful in the ministry that God had given to him was the love of God that was poured into Ezekiel at his conversion. The love of God that Ezekiel wanted to manifest to God, giving himself to doing those things that please God, doing God's revealed will. Ezekiel's earnest desire was to be conformed to the image of the coming Son of God who loved Ezekiel and gave Himself for Ezekiel.
- 3. Ezekiel's love for sinners, who are in the bondage of sin, needing to hear the gospel of Christ, Rom.1:16.

4 Responses to a Watchman's Warning

- 1. Smitten, guilty consciences contemplating
- 2. Smitten, guilty consciences seeking to divert attention away
- 3. Stubborn, presumptive hearts and minds seeking comfort from the word and promises of God which do not apply to them
- Outwardly receptive people who Settled, compromised heart and minds seeking to serve 2 masters
- 4. Settled, deceptive hearts and minds that manifest much outward love in receiving the communicated word of God, but whose hearts are set on pursuing their own gain

Pliable, deceived, double-minded (Jas.1:8; 4:8), Settled, compromised, outwardly receptive hearts and minds that

A God-Appointed Watchman

Ezek.33:1-33 **HANDOUT** PBC Sun. **AM** 10/23/22

<u>Intro.</u>: The Babylonian captivity of Judah was accomplished in 3 parts, according to Jer.52:28 & 29:

- 606 B.C. Some captives were taken to Babylon, including Daniel. Then 9 years later, in...
- 597 B.C. More captives were taken to Babylon, including Ezekiel. Then 11 years later, in...
- 586 B.C. Jerusalem was destroyed and burned; more captives were taken.

I.The Duty Plainly Stated – 33:1-6

- A. To be watchful for "...the sword coming upon the land..." 33:3
- B. To warn his people of the danger that he sees coming against his people namely that of an armed enemy that is coming to conquer and take them away captive
- C. Obedience to this duty will determine whether or not the blood of the people will be upon the people's <u>heads</u> individually or upon the watchman's hand 33:4-6
- II. The Appointment and Duty Spiritually Applied to Ezekiel 33:7-9
 - A. The Appointment: "...I have made you a watchman for the house of Israel..." 33:7a > 3:17
 - B. The Duty applied to this appointment: "...you shall hear a word from My mouth and warn them for Me." 33:7b > 3:17b
 - 1. Hearing God's word concerning the judgment that God will bring upon the wicked 33:8 "....you shall surely die!"
 - 2. Accurately Giving the wicked God's warning about His coming judgment of wrath upon them
 - A. Ezekiel's Responsibility of being a <u>spiritual</u> watchman for the Israelites in Babylonian captivity <u>in the country</u>, 33:8-9
 - 1. If Ezekiel DOES NOT warn the wicked from their wicked way of living:
 - o Then "...that wicked man shall die in his iniquity..." 33:8
 - o But "...his blood I will require at your (Ezekiel's) hand."
 - 2. If Ezekiel DOES warn the wicked from their way and the wicked, having heard that warning, do not turn from their wicked way of living (behavior, manner of living):
 - Then the wicked man (person) "...<u>shall die in his iniquity</u>;..." 33:9
 - But "...you (Ezekiel) have delivered your soul." Ezekiel will have done his duty as a spiritual watchman. He will have saved himself from the judgment (chastisement) of God. (1st Tim.4:16)
 - 3. Needed Clarifications
 - O The lack of a warning from a spiritual watchman, DOES NOT nullify or reduce God's divine judgment against the wicked. Whether warned or not, they will die physically and eternally (spiritually) because of their own sins against God. Note the phrase "shall die in his iniquity" in 33:8 & 9. (see also 33:20b; Ezek.18:4, 20; Rom.6:23a)
 - o <u>The lack of a warning</u> from a spiritual watchman, WILL render the spiritual watchman <u>guilty of disobedience</u> to

God's revealed will. He will be guilty of sinning against God and God will hold him accountable for his disobedience. BUT that disobedience WILL NOT and CANNOT result in the loss of that spiritual watchman's eternal salvation!

III. The Divine Exhortation Compassionately Given, 33:10, 11

- A. The Inquiry: "If our transgressions and our sins lie upon us, and we pine away in them, how can we then live?"
 - oNotice in 33:10 it says "...say to the house of Israel: 'Thus <u>you</u> say,..."
 - oThis is indicating that Ezekiel's hearers have been thinking about and considering what God has been telling them through His watchman, Ezekiel. They are asking, "If such is our state, How can we then live? Are we doomed to eternal despair and misery? Is there no hope for us?"
- B. The Declaration: "As I live", says the Lord GOD, "I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked, but that the wicked turn from his way and live.". God's judgment of wrath upon wickedness and sin, is God's necessary work. God's delight is in His works of mercy (Micah 7:18). Nevertheless the Lord God does bring death upon the wicked dying in their wickedness to fulfill His word, secure the honor of His truth and holiness, and glorify His justice.
- C. The Exhortation (imperative): "Turn, turn from your evil ways! For why should die, O house of Israel?" Here is hope! The hope that is found exclusively in the gospel!
- D. It is astonishing that these wicked Israelites, living in captivity, were still living in their wicked ways having already experienced and observed 2 separate occasions of God's judgment upon their nation and themselves for their abominations against the LORD God! (see 33:25, 26 > 22:3-12, 17-22 > 8:3, 5-18)
- E. So who are "the wicked" that will experience the wrath of God upon themselves?

IV. The Fairness of God's Judgment Criticized – 33:12-20

A. Stated

- 1. 33:13 "When I say to the righteous that he shall surely live, but he trusts in his own righteousness and commits iniquity, none of his righteous works shall be remembered; but because of the iniquity that he has committed, he shall die." (see also verse 12)
 - O This is true because all of a person's own good works are as filthy rags in God's sight. (Isa.64:6) The

- righteousness that God requires for eternal acceptance in His sight, is perfect, perpetual obedience to all of God's commandments all the days of a person's earthly life. (Jas.2:10)
- o It is only the imputed righteousness of Christ Jesus, that is able to make a person acceptable in God's holy sight. (Rom.4:20-25; Phil.3:9, 10)
- Example: Nicodemus was a righteous man outwardly.
 YET it was to Nicodemus that Jesus said, "You MUST be born again." Jn.3:1-8
- 2. 33:14-16 "Again, when I say to the wicked, 'You shall surely die,' if he turns from his sin and does what is lawful and right, 33:15 if the wicked restores the pledge, gives back what he has stolen, and walks in the statutes of life without committing iniquity, he shall live; he shall not die. 33:16 None of his sins which he has committed shall be remembered against him; he has done what is lawful and right; she shall surely live." (see also verse 12)
 - o Example: the thief on the cross, Lk.23:40-43
- B. Criticized: "Yet the children of your people say, 'The way of the Lord is not fair,'..."
- C. Answered: "...O house of Israel, I will judge every one of you according to his own ways." 33:20

V. The Fall of Jerusalem – 33:23-29

- A. The fall of Jerusalem announced, 33:21
- B. The judgment that was yet to come upon those surviving that destruction of Jerusalem, 33:23-29
 - 1. Their sin noted, 33:23, 24. Still clinging to their heritage (bloodline) connection with Abraham and thinking that they were therefore entitled to God's blessing given to Abraham. What they did not realize was that Abraham is the father of Rom.1:18 > "For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men who suppress that the truth in unrighteousness."
 - o Jn.3:19 > "He who believes in the Son has everlasting life; and he who does not believe the Son shall not see life, but the wrath of God abides on him."
 - Let me exhort you to be a doer of the word of God and not a hearer only. (Jas.1:22 >)
 - What is your heart pursuing? all who believe (Rom.4:11) and that only those of faith are the sons of Abraham (Gal.3:7)

- 2. God's response to that sin judgment, 33:25-28
- 3. The end result of this judgment of God, 33:29

VI. The LORD's revelation to and the strengthening of His faithful watchman, Ezekiel, 33:30-33

- A. People are talking about you, 33:30. Whenever light comes into darkness, it will be noticed.
- B. These people are willing to come hear what you have to say. They may even enjoy hearing you speak God's word to them, but they will not give themselves to doing what God's word commands them to do (33:31, 32). They will not repent of their sins against God and believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, living their earthly lives for His glory.
- C. The people "...will know that a prophet has been among them." 33:33 They will know that God, in His mercy, sent them a Godappointed, spiritual watchman, who proclaimed to them the truth of God regarding their wickedness and their desperate need of the Savior. They will know, without failure, that the God of the Bible is the only true and living God, whether it be in this life or only in the next life.

VII. Applications

- A. Every born again pastor, husband, father and mother is a spiritual watchman, appointed by God, to warn his people of the coming judgment of God's wrath that will be executed upon those who continue in their wicked way of living and upon those who are only hearers of God's word, and are not doers. God's wrath will be poured out upon the wicked, both collectively (nationally) and individually.
- B. Every Believer in Christ Jesus is God's ambassador, spreading forth the Gospel of Hope to sinners, urging sinners to repent and believe in the Lord Jesus Christ.
- C. To every other person I would ask this question, What is your heart pursuing? Are you pursuing what you consider to be gain for you? (Ezek.33:31) To those who are still living in the wicked, sinful ways of the world and do not live for Christ Jesus, I would remind you that the wrath of God is already abiding upon you (Jn.3:19). I would urge you to Turn, turn from your evil (sinful) manner of living and turn to God asking for His pardon of all your sins and for the righteousness of Christ to be imputed to you. Those who do so will be saved from the coming wrath of God (Matt.11:28-30; Jn.6:37).

Other Information about the book and prophet named "Ezekiel".

- o Halley's Bible Handbook
- ♣ Ezekiel was a prophet of the Babylonian captivity. He was carried away to Babylon in 597 B.C., 11 years before Jerusalem was destroyed.
 - o The Assyrian Captivity of Israel had been 120 years earlier:
 - 734 B.C. Galilee and North and East Israel by Tiglathpileser
 - 721 B.C. Samaria and the rest of Israel, by Sargon
 - 701 B.C. 200,00 of the inhabitants of Judah, by Sennacherib
 - o The Babylonian Captivity of Judah was accomplished:
 - 606 B.C. Some of the captives taken to Babylon, including Daniel. Then 9 years later, in...
 - 597 B.C. More captives taken to Babylon, including Ezekiel. Then 11 years later, in...
 - 586 B.C. Jerusalem was burned
- The Babylonian Captivity lasted 70- years, 606-536 B.C.
 Ezekiel was there from 597 B.C. to at least 570 B.C.
- → Daniel had been in Babylon 9 years when Ezekiel arrived; and had already attained to great fame (14:14) Daniel was in the palace; Ezekiel was in the country. The may have met often.
 - Jeremiah was the older. Ezekiel may have been his pupil..
 Ezekiel preached among the exiles the same things that
 Jeremiah preached in Jerusalem: the certainty of Judah's punishment for her sins.
- ♣ The phrase "they shall know that I am God" appears some 62 times in this book of Ezekiel.
 - Ezekiel's mission seems to have been to explain the action of God in causing or permitting Israel's captivity. It was because of the unspeakable abominations of which they had been guilty; abominations for which other nations had been blotted out. But for Israel it was punitive. By their punishment they would come to KNOW THAT GOD IS GOD. They did. The Babylonian Captivity CURED the Jews of idolatry. Up to that time they just would be idolaters. From that day to this, whatever other sins the

Jews have been guilty of, they have not been idolaters. (Depends upon you definition of "idolaters")

- ♣ The Chronology of the book of Ezekiel
 - O The pivot around which the book centers is the Destruction of Jerusalem (announced in 33:21, 22), which occurred 586 B.C. Ezekiel's prophecies began 6 years before that, and continued 16 years thereafter, covering ta period of 22 years. Until Jerusalem fell, Ezekiel was increasingly predicting its certainty (chapter 1-24) After that his prophecies deal with the overthrow of surrounding Heathen Nations (chapters 25-32); and the Re-establishment of Glorious Future of Israel (chapter 33-48).
 - O His visions, with minor exceptions, are given in chronological sequence. They years are dated from King Jehoiachin's Captivity, which was 597 B.C. The "30th year" (1:1), which was the equivalent of the "5th year" of Jehoiachin's captivity (1:2), is thought to have been the 30th year of Ezekiel's life (age at which Levites began their service [Numbers 4:3]: Jesus and John the Baptist began their work at age 30). Or, it may have been the 30th year in the Babylonian calendar of Babylon's independence of Assyria, won by Nebopolasar 625 B.C.

o Dates of Ezekiel's visions are as follows:

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Chap.1:2 5<sup>th</sup> year 4<sup>th</sup> mo. (July) 5<sup>th</sup> day 592 B.C. Chap.8:1 6<sup>th</sup> year 6<sup>th</sup> mo. (Sept. 5<sup>th</sup> day 591 B.C.
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- o Chap.20:1 7th year 5th mo. (Aug.) 10th day 590 B.C.
- Chap.24:1 9th year 10th mo. (Jan.) 10th day 587 B.C.
 Siege of Jerusalem began 9th year 10th month 10th day
- Chap.26:1 11th year 5th (?) Mo. (Aug.) 1st day 586 B.C.
- O Chap.29:1 10th year 10th mo. (Jan.) 12th day 586 B.C.
- Chap 29:17 27th year 1st mo. (Apr.) 1st day 570 B.C
- Chap.30:20 11th year 1st mo. (Apr.) 7th day 586 B.C.
- o Chap.32:1 12th year 12th mo.(Mar.) 1st day 584 B.C.
 - o Jerusalem Fell 11th year 4th month 9th day
- o Chap.32:1 12th year 12th mo. (Mar.) 1st day 584 B.C.
- Chap.32:17 12th year 12 (?) mo. (Mar.) 15th day 584 B.C.
 Chap.33:21 12th year 10th mo. (Jan.) 5th day 584 B.C.
- o Chap.40:1 25th year 1st (?) mo. (Apr.) 10th day 572 B.C.

- Since Ezekiel was so meticulous in dating his visions, even to the exact day, <u>it is assumed</u> that all follows a given date belongs to that date, till the date is mentioned.
- ♣ Ezekiel's Abode and Date, 1:1-3
 - "son of man": Ezekiel is thus addressed 90 times. In Daniel
 7:13 it is used of the Messiah. It was the title by which
 Jesus commonly spoke of Himself (see under Jn. 1:14)
 - O Visions and symbolic actions are characteristic of Ezekiel's book. Some of symbolic actions were accompanied by most painful personal sufferings. He had to remain dumb (speechless) for a long period (3:26; 24:27; 33:22). He had to lay on his side in one position for over a year (4:5, 6). And eat loathsome food (4:15). His wife, whom he dearly loved, was suddenly taken (24:15-18).
- ♣ Chapter 22 The Sins of Jerusalem, 22:1-12
 - Over and over Ezekiel names the sins of Jerusalem: defiles herself with idols, sheds blood, profanes the Sabbath, practices robbery, promiscuous adultery; and the princes, priests and prophets are ravening wolves after dishonest gain.
- **♣** An

o R.C. Sproul