Scripture:	1 Cor. 11:1-16
Singing:	400:1-3 - 321:1-4 - 223:1-3 - 198:1, 2, 5, 7

Worshipping our Head with our head uncovered or covered (1) Opening observations ...

A. Authority structures were intended for our happiness (Ex. 20:12, Deut. 5:16)

- B. Satan has always assaulted *authority structures* God has instituted (Gen. 3:1)1. Either by *corrupting* the use of authority (abuse)
 - 2. Or by *rejecting* authority (anarchy)
- C. God's Kingdom (the Church) should stand in vivid contrast to the world. 1. Not only in how *we love one another* (John 13:34-35)
 - 2. But also in how we use and accept authority (Eph. 5:21; Rom. 13)
 - 3. Be aware that each church community has an audience (1 Cor. 4:9) a. The fallen world is watching.
 - b. The unfallen angels are watching (1 Cor. 11:10).
- D. The context of the Corinthian Church is relevant to our day and age. 1. Corinth was legendary for her moral depravity (1 Cor. 6:9)
 - 2. The young church in Corinth faced dangerous waters in various sins.
 - 3. Chapter 11:1-16 is generally overlooked by modern Christians.
- E. Overview of 1 Cor. 11:1-16
 - 1. Vs. 1-2: Introduction of the subject
 - 2. Vs. 3: Subject of headship
 - 3. Vs. 4-6: Reflection of headship
 - 4. Vs. 7-10: Reasons for this of reflection of headship
 - 5. Vs. 11-12: Headship does not cancel interdependence of men and women
 - 6. Vs. 13-16: Concluding appeals

I. Vs. 1-2: Introduction of the subject

A. The message of vs. 1 is strong appeal to follow Jesus like Paul did

- B. Vs. 2a: Paul's general approach: praise before correction
- C. Vs. 2b: Meaning of keep the ordinances
- D. Unstated connection between vs. 2 and onwards
 - 1. Congregational leaders have forwarded various questions regarding the worship services Paul answered in chapters 11-15
 - 2. Matter in vs. 1-16 deals with problem of women casting off their veils during the worship services
 - 3. What was the background of this problem?
 - a. misapplication of the Gospel teaching which freed and elevated womanhood
 - Jesus Himself honored women in His ministry (Luke 8:1-3; Matt. 13:33; John 4; Luke 7:36-50)
 - b. misapplication of the equality in salvation for men and women (Gal. 3:28)
 - 4. Several sisters in Corinth took the *equality in salvation* too fara. began to *pray and prophesy and cast of their veil* (vs. 5)

II. vs. 3: Subject of Headship

A. Why did Paul address this subject in connection the head-covering?

- 1. Because Paul detected Satan's subtle attempt to overturn God's structure of authority (see similarity between Gen. 3 and 1 Cor. 11)
- 2. Paul set before us 3 of God's ordained *authority structures* (vs 3)
- B. Each structure deals with the *headship* matter
 - 1. Headship refers to authority (leadership)
 - 2. Never think of authority structures as *superior over inferior*a. God's authority over Jesus is not a matter of *superior over inferior*
 - 3. Authority structures of leadership/followership are *the wise and good arrangements of our sovereign God*

Conclude: All positions of authority are sacred trusts given by God