# The Gospel is of God

December 5th, 2010 ~ Galatians 1.11-24

The Gospel is of God / not Man ~ i.e., "It is supernatural!"

- Read v11 and 12 and state the sermon title
- Vss **13 to 24** make his argument

#### **3 Points before Main Point**

- 1. In verse 11 Paul calls them brethren
  - He had started this letter with a rebuke
  - He <u>now</u> softens his tone ~ referring to them in familial terms
- 2. Let's remember verse 10 too ~ Paul stated that he is not a man pleaser
  - Judaizers accused him of preaching an easy grace to gain influence
    - Mainstay of the emerging church movement ~ no negatives
  - Two types of failures are common: 1) legalism and 2) licentiousness
    - Jesus spoke of the wide gate and <u>broad way</u> (these are on it)
    - But avoiding these 2 errors puts you on the <u>narrow path</u>
- 3. Let's address one more question in some depth before we go on...
  - o "Why were the Galatians so easily led astray?"

### Appeals to our intuitive sense of Responsibility, Justice, and Earned Merit

- The Judaizers convinced the Galatians that salvation wasn't so easy
- People usually believe they must work for what they want
  - TANSTAAFL ~ "There ain't no such thing as a free lunch"
  - Paul said, "If a man does not work neither shall he eat..." ~ 2 Thes 3.10
  - All of Proverbs preaches this ~ against sloth for industry
- <u>III</u>: Malaysian real estate developer ~ (from vacation resort to cart vendor)
  - Americans love underdogs ~ 'tilting at windmills'
    - But there's a fine line between a proud warrior and a sad loser
- <u>III</u>: People see salvation as a very large, but finite number of stairs to climb
  - People <u>start at</u> diff points, they're <u>at</u> diff points, and they <u>end at</u> diff points
  - Man is forever climbing to be 1 step closer to God ~ 1 step more worthy
  - o The Tower of Babel is man's attempt to reach God on his own terms
- Mormon woman's perspective ~ "Evangelical Christians are not mainstream Christians. They do not believe that you are saved through your works while on earth, but simply by asking Jesus to be your personal savior." ~ from Ellison survey

Xition: But God's "good news" emphasizes the impotence of man . . .

### Man's Methods of Salvation do not lead to Humility – but to Pride

- They all hold out hope that effort pays dividends
- They all hold the grace of God hostage to the action / inaction of the penitent
- They <u>lower the bar</u> of righteousness to compensate for the guilt of failure
- Let's look at the 7 sacraments current in Roman Catholicism (700 years)
  - There were once more: holy relics, prayer to saints, holy water, crusades
  - Protestants Catholics views of grace differ: <u>saving</u> vs. <u>sanctifying</u>

#### 7 Sacraments of Roman Catholicism

- 1. Baptism ~ Removes all original sin and personal sin at that moment
  - Performed upon infants ~ Long ago waited until they were old
  - But the Church said those that die unbaptized are unsaved
- 2. Confirmation ~ It perfects baptism ~ binds one to the Church more deeply
  - o Long ago this was not done much because it required a bishop
- 3. Communion ~ mass ~ Eating and drinking real body and blood of Christ
  - o Required only once per year, but greater frequency advocated
  - Long ago commoners could only eat body ~ not drink blood ~ fear of spills
- 4. Confession ~ 3 things 1) contrition, 2) confession, 3) penance
  - o Results in forgiveness after penance is performed
  - Only required when mortal sin is committed ~ opposed to venial
  - o Mortal sin empties you of sanctifying grace and past supernatural merits
  - Encouraged monthly ~ especially during Lent
- 5. Marriage ~ union between man and woman for love and procreation
  - Results in an increase in sanctifying grace for the spouses
- 6. Ordination ~ the continuation of Christ's priesthood
  - 3 levels ~ each confers special graces (<u>in place of marriage</u>)
- 7. Extreme Unction ~ "Last Rites" or "Anointing of the Sick"
  - $\circ$  Remission of sins and spiritual strength ~ <u>now</u> may be performed many times

## Roman Catholicism is a pragmatic religion

- If something isn't working, if there's a loophole, the church just closes it
- <u>III</u>: Baptism as the nuclear weapon in war against sin (house afire)
- Two weaknesses of <u>last</u> rites
  - If priest missed your death it was too late
  - o If you lived beyond that time you couldn't do it again
- This has a strong appeal in America ~ we're pragmatists
  - o Cults: Mormonism, Jehovah's Witnesses, Christian Science

Xition: Let's return to Paul's main Point . . .

### The Gospel was God's Idea ~ Not Man's

- Reread verses 11 to 12
- Note Paul's use of the word "me"
  - o He wants them to remember his presence with them
  - Forgetfulness is common to all mankind
  - Yet when memories come back they bring with them more memories
- Paul did not receive the gospel from man nor was he taught it
  - o He's using taught in the traditional sense
  - He learned it, but in non-traditional sense ~ direct revelation from Christ

### Paul Presents 5 Proofs of his Apostleship

- He presents these only to defend the gospel ~ not himself
  - 1. He went from persecuting the church to preaching in it
  - 2. He abandoned a very bright future as a Pharisee
  - 3. He went out alone ~ without ordination from other Apostles
  - 4. He only met Peter (the lead Apostle) and James after 3 years
  - 5. He (and his message) were accepted by the Judean Churches

### **Proof #1: From Persecutor to Preacher (v13)**

- "beyond measure" beyond all bounds
  - Acts 7.58 ~ cast Stephen out and stoned him (clothes at feet)
  - Acts 9.1 ~ "breathing threats and murder against the disciples"
  - Acts 9.1-2 ~ "went to the HP and asked letters"
  - Acts 22.4 ~ "persecuted this Way to the death"
  - o Acts 26.10 ~ "I shut saints up in prison .. voted for their deaths"
  - $\circ$  Acts 26.11  $^{\sim}$  "I punished them .. and compelled them to blaspheme"
- $v13 \sim "I$  persecuted the church .. and tried to destroy it"
  - o Gamaliel in Acts 5.34ff advised that Christians be left alone
  - $\circ$  Saul disagreed with this advice  $\,^{\sim}\,$  he broke with his teacher
  - o <u>III</u>: **The Persecutor**: Story of Sergei Kourdakov
    - Russian officer led raids to break up religious meetings in 60's
    - Witnessed to by young woman (<u>Natasha</u>) ~ Couldn't hit older female
- "How much more can one person oppose something?"
- But perhaps young people (Saul maybe 30) can be too easily swayed
  - o Perhaps he came under the influence under of some radicals
  - Somali youth from Minneapolis returned to Somalia (3 killed in 2009)
  - o Somali-born naturalized citizen arrested in Oregon last week

Xition: The next point addresses this concern...

### **Proof #2: Abandoned Promising Future as Pharisee (v14)**

- Some of the young Minnesota men had bright futures
  - But they had nothing that filled them with passion like Saul did
  - A good education and prospects for a career in USA was not enough
- Saul was an ambitious man well on his way to being a huge success
  - His religious zeal drove him ~ Read verse 14
  - "advanced" ~ clearing a path, chopping ahead (ambition)
    - III: Miss Stabengrab from Melodrama at Mahoney
  - He was not 20 ~ He was closer to 30
  - Saul had a <u>lot to lose</u> by switching allegiances
  - He was from Tarsus (not a local) but held in higher esteem than locals
- He had a lot to lose, a lot more than these young Minnesota men
- A man would not do this without very good reason

#### Proof #3: Went out <u>without ordination</u> by other Apostles (v16b-17)

- All authority is the Lord's ~ Rom 13.1 ~ "no authority except from God"
- God has appointed authorities to exercise power on the earth
  - o 3 spheres of government 1) family, 2) civil and 3) ecclesiastical
  - o Paul declares that he has "color of authority" to do what he's done
    - This phrase describes the legitimacy of an authority
  - $\circ$  In **2 Cor 10.8, 13-16**  $\sim$  authority given him by God extended far
- v17 ~ "went to Arabia, and returned again to Damascus"
  - o Paul did not write an autobiography
  - Nor did Luke write a <u>biography</u> of Paul in **Acts**
    - Not that one wouldn't have been riveting
  - o But the Bible contains what God wanted no more/no less
- Paul's 3 years in Arabia are not spoken of in Acts
  - They must occur between Acts 9.19 and 20

### Proof #4: Met Peter and James after 3 years (v18-19)

- Not only was Paul <u>not</u> commissioned by Peter and the others...
- He didn't even meet any of them for over 3 years...
- In other words, he didn't know them
- And her certainly <u>didn't seek their permission or approval</u>

# Xition: And the 5<sup>th</sup> and last proof Paul offers . . .

### **Proof #5: Acceptance by Judean Churches (v22-24)**

- Regardless of what is said of someone, or what someone says of themselves
  - The truth is in the fruit...
  - o The Judean churches ultimately <u>accepted Paul</u> because of his <u>conduct</u>
- Also, if he had been commissioned from Jerusalem, they'd have known him

### "Why did Paul give these Proofs?"

- Paul shared these proofs to point the Galatians back to the <u>truth</u>
  - o The Judaizers had accused him of being a licentious man pleaser
- But he reminded the Galatians who he was
- And how he came to be who he was
  - His service to Jesus is rational given the experiences he's shared
  - He presents this information so they can <u>trust him</u>
  - o He wants to engage them and he does so personally

#### **Our Purpose for Sharing**

- Have you ever shared your testimony of faith?
  - When you share, try to do so with this purpose in mind
  - o Convey to your listener the <u>supernatural</u> nature of the gospel
  - Christ's <u>humiliating death</u> leading to our <u>humbling salvation</u>
- Witnessing conversations can easily get off track
  - Let's learn from Paul's example
  - o He marshaled his arguments and conveyed them carefully / prayerfully

## Is our faith in Jesus or in our "good behavior"?

- The gospel message is simple, too simple for many
- Many scriptural commands have nothing to do with salvation
  - "pray without ceasing"
  - o "stand fast in the Lord"
  - o "be anxious for nothing"
  - o "the things which you learned and received and heard and saw in me, these do"
  - "put to death your members which are on the earth"
- These are commands to faithful children ~ not a means to obtain faith . . .
- Such pursuits can **strengthen** our faith . . .
- But they do not **earn** us our faith . . .

## Xition: "What is your personal testimony?"

#### **Sharing Personal Testimonies is Good**

- A strong argument in support of the Gospel is a personal testimony
  - Paul shared his several times in Acts and in his own letters
- III: The Fruit of Faith
  - o Rev. H.P. Hughes street preacher and head of a rescue mission in London
  - Charles Bradlaugh an atheist (infidel)
  - o At an open air meeting Bradlaugh challenged Hughes to a debate
  - The preacher accepted with one condition
    - Hughes would bring 100 people whose lives were transformed by Christ
      - drunks, prostitutes, thieves, convicts, etc...
      - Bradlaw could question them about their transformation
    - He invited Bradlaugh to do the same
      - Bring 100 people whose lives are better due to their lack of faith
      - Bradlaugh did not accept on those conditions
      - "Why?" ~ Because he had no one to bring
- Read John 1.1-2, 11-13

### Let's Pray

### Glory to God

Now to Him who is able to keep you from stumbling,

And to present you faultless

Before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy,

To God our Savior, Who alone is wise,

Be glory and majesty,

Dominion and power,

Both now and forever.

Amen.