

## Understanding “I AM”

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IV. I AM the \_\_\_\_\_ Shepherd (John 10:7–18).

A. The Good Shepherd is the Door to \_\_\_\_\_  
(John 10:7–10).

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Life

- “I am the door: by me if any man enter in he shall be saved...”
- “...I am come that they might have life...”

2. \_\_\_\_\_ - Life

- “...and shall go in and out, and find pasture...”
- “...and that they might have it more abundantly.”

Abundant—over and above, \_\_\_\_\_ than enough

B. The Good Shepherd \_\_\_\_\_ Himself for the sheep (John 10:11–13).

- Hireling—a \_\_\_\_\_ one

- C. The Good Shepherd \_\_\_\_\_ His sheep and the sheep know Him (John 10:14–15).
- D. The Good Shepherd brought “*other sheep*” into His sheepfold—the \_\_\_\_\_ (John 10: 16).
- E. The Good Shepherd provides complete security (John 10:27–30; I Peter 1:3–5).
- Pluck—seize, snatch away
  - The Hand of the father can hold the expanse of the universe (Isa 48:13).

*“My Father, which gave them me, is greater than all; and no man is able to pluck them out of my Father’s hand. I and my Father are one.”—John 10:29–30*

V. I AM the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ (John 11:25, 26).

- Mankind is under the curse of the Law (Gal 3:10). That means that they are separated from God because of sin and would rightly experience two deaths—Physical and spiritual (Eph 4:18; Col 1:21). Receiving Jesus Christ, by trusting in the resurrection (Rom. 10:9–13), guarantees a deliverance from this death (Rom. 1:4; I Cor. 15:15, 50–58; I Peter 1:3; 3:20–21; Rev 20:6).
- A. There are \_\_\_\_\_ phases to resurrection—the first and second (Acts 24:14–15; Rev 20:5–6).

1. The first resurrection occurs prior to the millennial reign at different times of different groups of people.
  - a. Jesus is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the resurrection (I Cor. 15:20–23; Rom. 8:29; Col. 1:15–18).
    - There are five major feasts that Israel was commanded to keep. Each of these represent Christ and His work.
      - 1) The feast of the \_\_\_\_\_ (Ex.12:1–28; Lev. 23:4–8)—The sacrifice of Jesus
      - 2) The Feast of First Fruits (Lev. 23:9–14)—The resurrection of Jesus
      - 3) Feast of \_\_\_\_\_ (Lev. 23:15–22)—The work of Christ through the church by the Holy Ghost (Acts 1:8)
      - 4) The Feast of \_\_\_\_\_ (Lev. 23:23)—The coming judgments of Jesus Christ. This feast is culminated in the Day of Atonement which is the expiation of the sins of Israel upon Christ’s return (Dan. 9:24; Rom. 11:26).
      - 5) The Feast of \_\_\_\_\_ (Lev 23:33–44; Zech. 14:16–18; Rev. 21:3)—The reign of Jesus Christ with His people.

- b. New Testament believers will be resurrected on the day of redemption—\_\_\_\_\_ (Eph 4:30; Phil. 3:20–21; I Thess. 4:13–18).
  - c. The two \_\_\_\_\_ with be resurrected in the middle of Daniel’s Seventieth Week (Rev. 11:3–12).
  - d. The Old Testament and tribulation saints will be resurrected after Jesus Christ’s return (Dan. 12:1–2; Matt. 24:29–31).
2. The second resurrection occurs after the Millennial reign at the great white throne judgment and includes those that died without faith in Christ (Rev 20:5; 11–13).
- B. Jesus \_\_\_\_\_ eternal life to \_\_\_\_\_ that receive Him (Mark 10:45; John 4:14; 6:27; 10:28; 17:2; I John 5:16; Rev 2:7, 10; 21:6).