"TETELESTAI – IT IS FINISHED!"

(What Did This Mean? John 19:30)

A. The SETTING. (John 18:1 – 19:16)

B. The SCRIPTURAL ANALOGIES & FULFILLMENTS at the Cross. (19:16-19, 23-24)

- 1. Jesus Christ went ______ to the Cross (as predicted in Isaiah 53:7; John 10:11,15,17) showing that He was in full control of His sacrificial death.
- 2. Jesus Christ was ______ (19:16-17) as predicted in Psalm 22:14-17 & Isaiah 53:5-6 in dying a ______ death for you & me.
- 3. Jesus Christ was crucified ______ in keeping with the OT sin offerings. (Ex. 29:14; Lev. 12, 16:27; Heb. 13:11-12)
- 4. Jesus Christ would experience both a physical & spiritual ______ (death) in paying for our sins upon the cross. (Gen. 2:17; Psalm 22:1; Matt. 27:46; Isaiah 53:10-11; Heb. 10:10-14)
- 5. Jesus Christ was ______ on the cross (John 12:32-34) like the brass serpent on a pole (Numbers 21) that whoever ______ in Him should not perish but ______. (John 3:14-16)
- 6. Jesus Christ was crucified with two _____ (John 19:18; Luke 23:39-43) in fulfillment of Isaiah 53:12.
- 7. Jesus Christ's garments were divided among the ______ (19:23-24) in fulfillment of Psalm 22:18. What does all of this indicate about the Bible?

C. The SUPERSCRIPTION by Pilate on the Cross. (19:20-22)

D. The SEVEN SAYINGS of Jesus Christ on the Cross....

E. The SIGNIFICANCE of ... "IT IS FINISHED" (19:30)

- 1. Its *meaning* is significant ... "It is finished!" (tetelestai) which means
- 2. Its usage is significant as "tetelestai" was used of ...
 - ... a failure to complete the Temple (Ez. 5:16)
 - ... translated "accomplished" (John 19:28)
 - ... used of servants when they had completed a task

... it signified the completion of a transaction when a debt was "paid in full"

- 3. Its accomplishment is significant, which indicates
- _____ 4. Its *tense* is significant, which is the tense, carrying the idea of being _____• 5. Its *mood* is significant, which is _______ to be believed. 6. Its speaker is significant because of Who said it, namely ______, who cannot lie. 7. Its *timing* is significant because of when it was said, namely during His , not during His earthly ministry, His burial, resurrection, or ascension. 8. Its *implications* are significant because this indicates that ... a. you do not need to seek to atone for your sins through a religion, a church ritual, or your good works because the payment for sin has been finished or _____ by Jesus Christ. (Ephesians 2:8-9) b. eternal salvation is not a reward for the righteous but a ______ for the guilty, already "paid in full" by Jesus Christ. (Romans 3:24, 6:23) c. the death of Jesus Christ has fully satisfied the punishment for sin by a holy God (i.e. the doctrine of propitiation) as demonstrated by God then ______ Jesus from the dead. (Romans 3:25, 4:25) d. to receive the gift of salvation which was "paid in full" by Jesus Christ you must personally receive it by God's ______ alone through ______ alone in ______ alone and His _____work _____. (Rom. 3:28, 4:4-5, 5:1) e. you can possess the ______ of your eternal salvation the moment that you trust in Jesus Christ alone because of the ______ of Jesus Christ and the ______ _____ of God. (Rom. 5:8-11)

f. the believer in Christ need never fear future condemnation or loss of salvation, and can be assured of God's unconditional ______, His sufficient daily grace for life's ______, and a wonderful ______ in glory. (Romans 5:1-5)

- What does this mean to you as ...
 - a. A believer in Christ?
 - b. An unsaved person without Christ?