"Jesus is Lord" Romans 10:9 (Preached at Trinity, February 14, 2010)

I'm supplying these notes for the benefit of busy pastors who may be engaged in bi-vocational work, feeling the pressure of preparing to preach twice on the Lord's Day while trying to balance full-time secular work as well as caring for their families. While the notes of another man are no substitute for personal study, I pray that these may aid in the process of preparing to preach.

Disclaimer: These are the actual notes I bring with me to the pulpit, which I follow loosely. They are not designed for publication. While I try to make every effort to give proper credit to my sources from the pulpit, adequate citations will sometimes be absent from my notes. If anyone feels their intellectual material has been used without adequate citation, please contact me and I'll make immediate correction giving credit.

- 1. Last time we began to listen to what the "righteousness which is of faith" says **Romans 10:8-9** "The word is nigh thee, *even* in thy mouth, and in thy heart: that is, the word of faith, which we preach; ⁹ That if thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt believe in thine heart that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved."
 - A. The Word is in your mouth and in your heart that Jesus Christ has done it all
 - 1. He came, He lived, He died, He rose again, He reigns
 - 2. This is the Gospel. God has sent Christ into the world. This is the message of the Gospel.
 - B. It is in your mouth, in your heart it is the word of faith
 - 1. It's a faith issue. It is a resting upon Christ alone
 - 2. He must be confessed with the mouth
 - 3. Second, we must believe in our heart that God raised Him from the dead. We believe that God has accepted the atonement of Christ. We believe and have a full confidence that Jesus did all that was necessary to redeem us from our sins. Nothing else will do.
- 2. What is this confession that we proclaim with our lips?
 - As we saw last time the word confess means to admit, acknowledge, agree, to publically declare.
 - What do we declare? The KJV says, "That if thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus"
 - This doesn't get to the heart of the meaning. Literally it says you have to confess that Jesus is Lord!
 - NAS **Romans 10:9** "that if you confess with your mouth Jesus *as* Lord"

 ESV **Romans 10:9** "because, if you confess with your mouth that Jesus is Lord"
- 3. Christian conversion brings a man to confess that Jesus Christ is Lord. This has often resulted in the martyrdom of God's people. During the first two centuries Caesar was lord. To profess any other as lord was treason. A Christian has one Lord. Jesus alone is Lord. "Jesus is Lord" is regarded as one of the oldest and most basic
 - statements of Christian faith. One of the earliest Christian creeds. After the ascension of Christ He returned to His throne of glory where He rules with authority and dominion. Every believer willingly and joyfully places himself under this authority or Lordship.

4. Listen to the testimony of Scripture on the lordship of Christ:

Acts 2:36 – "Therefore let all the house of Israel know assuredly, that God hath made that same Jesus, whom ye have crucified, both Lord and Christ." **Philippians 2:9-11** – "Wherefore God also hath highly exalted him, and given him a name which is above every name: ¹⁰ That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of *things* in heaven, and *things* in earth, and *things* under the earth; ¹¹ And *that* every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ *is* Lord, to the glory of God the Father."

- 5. To say that Jesus is Lord means three things:
 - A. First, it means that Jesus is God.

In the Septuagint which is the Greek translation of the OT of which the Jewish people of the first century would have been very familiar used the word $\kappa \dot{\nu} \rho \iota o \zeta$ to translate the Hebrew word for Jehovah. This is why most English translations translate the Hebrew word for Jehovah LORD.

The NT writers knew this use of the word $\kappa \acute{\nu}\rho \iota o \zeta$ but did not hesitate to apply it to Jesus.

B. Second, it means that Jesus is Savior.

The Lordship of Christ is testimony to His victory over the forces of evil. They are all under His feet.

Acts 2:34-36 – "For David is not ascended into the heavens: but he saith himself, The LORD said unto my Lord, Sit thou on my right hand, ³⁵ Until I make thy foes thy footstool. ³⁶ Therefore let all the house of Israel know assuredly, that God hath made that same Jesus, whom ye have crucified, both Lord and Christ."

- 1. There have been some in our generation who suppose you can separate the Lordship of Christ from the work of Christ as Savior that you can receive Him as Savior without receiving Him as Lord.
- 2. The Lordship of Christ cannot be separated from His saviorhood. You cannot have genuine faith that is separated from submission to Christ.
- C. Third, it means Jesus Christ is Master

"he to whom a person or thing belongs"

The Christian is a servant of Christ - δοῦλος

Romans 1:1 – "Paul, a servant of Jesus Christ, called *to be* an apostle, separated unto the gospel of God,"

Matthew 10:24 – "A disciple is not above his teacher, nor a slave above his master."

- 6. Many people want to cling to the hope of salvation without Lordship. Parents often hold to this hope for their children, spouses for their mates, and on and on even when there is no submission to Christ. The truth is, no Lordship, no salvation.
- 7. Please listen: Salvation is a narrow way. It is a new life, a new creation.
 - Jeremiah 31:33 "But this *shall be* the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel; After those days, saith the LORD, I will put my law in their inward parts, and write it in their hearts; and will be their God, and they shall be my people."

 Matthew Henry "God writes his law in the hearts of all believers, makes it ready and familiar to them. He makes them in care to observe it. He works in them a disposition to obedience, a conformity of thought and affection to the rules of the divine law, as that of the copy to the original."
- 8. The question everyone of you should ponder this morning is, is Jesus Christ your Lord? It has been suggested that there are six implications to the Lordship of Christ.

- I. An Intellectual Implication
 - A. If Jesus is your Lord He must be Lord of your thinking
 - 1. Jesus must be Lord of your mind
 - To have Jesus as your Lord is to have Him as your teacher
 Matthew 11:29 "Take my yoke upon you, and learn of me; for I am meek and lowly in heart: and ye shall find rest unto your souls."
 - B. Jesus must be the center of your thought process
 - 1. Concerning humility Paul wrote

Philippians 2:5 – "Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus:"

- 2. Every thought must be taken captive by Christ
 - **2 Corinthians 10:4-5** "For the weapons of our warfare *are* not carnal, but mighty through God to the pulling down of strong holds;) ⁵ Casting down imaginations, and every high thing that exalteth itself against the knowledge of God, and bringing into captivity every thought to the obedience of Christ;"
- 3. Do you have an interest in conforming your mind to Christ? Again, Paul wrote:

Philippians 4:8 – "Finally, brethren, whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things *are* honest, whatsoever things *are* just, whatsoever things *are* pure, whatsoever things *are* lovely, whatsoever things *are* of good report; if *there be* any virtue, and if *there be* any praise, think on these things."

- 4. Is Jesus the Lord of your mind?
 - a. What are the things you are putting into your mind?
 - b. What is the ratio of TV versus Bible? Jesus teaches us and conforms our mind through His Word.
 - c. Do you have an interest in Biblical truth do you have an interest in being conformed to it?
 - d. Left to ourselves we will be conformed to this world and its sinful ways. The Christian conforms his mind to the Lordship of Christ As the Holy Spirit applies the Scriptures to our hearts we will find ourselves thinking more and more as Christ thinks.

II. An Ethical Implication

- A. Not only is Jesus the Lord of our minds, He must be the Lord of our wills
 - 1. It isn't only what you believe that matters, it's how you behave
 - 2. The true believer submits his will to Christ in obedience
- B. Are you self-willed or Christ-willed?
 - 1. Do you see Christ's commands as absolutes?

1 John 2:3-5 – "And hereby we do know that we know him, if we keep his commandments. ⁴ He that saith, I know him, and keepeth not his commandments, is a liar, and the truth is not in him. ⁵ But whoso keepeth his word, in him verily is the love of God perfected: hereby know we that we are in him."

2. Do you strive to obey Him entirely?

Jesus compared those who obey with those who did not

Luke 6:46-49 – "And why call ye me, Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say? ⁴⁷ Whosoever cometh to me, and heareth my sayings, and doeth them, I will shew you to whom he is like: ⁴⁸ He is like a man which built an house, and digged deep, and laid the foundation on a rock: and when the flood arose, the stream beat vehemently upon that house, and could not shake it: for it was founded upon a rock. ⁹ But he that heareth, and doeth not, is like a man that without a foundation built an house upon the earth; against which the stream did beat vehemently, and immediately it fell; and the ruin of that house was great.

III. A Vocational Implication

- A. Jesus is not only Lord of our minds, wills, and morals, He is Lord of our time
 - 1. Jesus must be Lord of your profession, your job, your career, your ambitions
 - 2. You must see your vocation as your calling under the headship of Christ do you see it as a place of Christian service
- B. Do you consider the Lordship of Christ as you make your plans?
 - 1. Your chief priority in all that you do must be Christ. Is He Lord of your life?
 - 2. This is why Christians must remain separate in their relationships **2co 6:14**

IV. An Ecclesiastical Implication

- A. Jesus is the head of the church
 - 1. He must be the head of this church

Ephesians 5:23-24 – "For the husband is the head of the wife, even as Christ is the head of the church: and he is the saviour of the body. ²⁴ Therefore as the church is subject unto Christ, so *let* the wives *be* to their own husbands in every thing."

- 2. Our church must be subject to Christ in everything we do
- B. Problems in churches arise when members seek their own way
 - 1. Some see the church as a volunteer organization
 They show up when they want to, do what they want to do.
 - 2. Others see the ordained clergy as being responsible for the work of the
 - 3. If Jesus is our Lord then we are His servants
- C. You cannot separate Christ from His church
 - 1. The church has authority it has the power to discipline
 - 2. Your commitment to your church has far reaching implications

V. A Political Implication

- A. There are many who believe that Christianity is to be maintained within the walls of the church
 - 1. They believe Christianity must not encroach into the public arena
 - 2. Jesus is Lord only of the church and His people
- B. The truth is Jesus is Lord over all things
 - 1. His law is to govern all men homosexuality isn't just wrong for God's people or wrong within the church. It is to be denounced upon all who practice it.
 - 2. Jesus is not only our King. He is the King of kings.
 - 3. As God's people we reflect the radiance of Christ we demonstrate to all His Lordship. This is one element of being the light of the world and the salt of the earth.
 - 4. It must be done correctly with humility and meekness and we must never confuse moral teaching and social reform with the demands of the Gospel to repent and trust Christ.

VI. A Global Implication

- A. If Jesus is our Lord we must never forget the authority of the Great Commission **Matthew 28:18-20** "And Jesus came and spake unto them, saying, All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth. ¹⁹ Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost: ²⁰ Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you alway, *even* unto the end of the world. Amen."
 - 1. By His own authority Jesus sent His disciples into the world
 - 2. They were to make disciples and teach them the law of Christ The means would be the proclamation of His Word
 - 3. They were to go because our Lord commanded them to go. He had the authority to send them. He is Lord. There is a charge upon us as well
- B. We err greatly when we go under our own authority, wisdom, and power
 - 1. Are all of the programs today under the Lordship of Christ?
 - 2. We also err when we do nothing. Our Master and Lord has charged His people as the vessels through which the Gospel would be carried.

Conclusion:

- 1. Is Jesus Christ is your Savior? Then He is also your Lord. If He is your Lord then it will have a profound effect upon every aspect of your life.
 - If your life hasn't been changed then you have great reason to question your salvation.
- 2. The truth is every human being will eventually call Jesus Lord. Either you will embrace Him now joyfully calling Him your Lord, your King, your Master, or you will call Him Lord in judgment just before He casts you into hell.
- 3. Jesus us a glorious King. You cannot make Him Lord, He IS Lord. If you haven't submitted every aspect of your life to Christ pray that God might help you to repent of your rebellions against His Lordship.
- 4. God calls upon all men to repent and believe. That must be your chief interest.