Micah 6:8 WHAT JEHOVAH REQUIRES

- I. That He requires.
 - A. The scene in Judah at this time is that there were many evils prevailing in Judah.
 - B. This chapter begins as if a legal procedure is taking place in a court of law (6:1ff).
 - 1. God is arguing His case against His people (2,3).
 - 2. Judah responds by acknowledging their sin and asking what God would have them do (6,7)?
 - C. What God requires are the requirements of His covenant.
 - 1. In the covenant God has a living relationship with His chosen people: they live in blessed companionship.
 - 2. He blesses them with many wonderful gifts, and provides for all their needs for time and for eternity.
 - 3. God requires certain things of His covenant people their part! Our part is the fruit of God's part.
- II. What is our part? To do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with our God.
 - A. These requirements God showed long before; they are not new to Micah's day.
 - B. What we owe our neighbor is to do justly and to love mercy.
 - 1. "Justly" refers to treat equitably others, especially for the poor and disadvantaged.
 - 2. And God requires that we love mercy: an inner delight to help the needy and distressed.
 - C. And God requires that we walk humbly with our God, i.e., live in close communion with Him.
 - 1. To "walk" has us thinking of two walking together, enjoying each other's company.
 - 2. "Humbly" is the only way to walk with the almighty and thrice-holy God.
 - D. Only when we walk humbly with our God will we do justly and love mercy.
- III. God has shown us what is good (8a).
 - A. What is "good" is what is morally good, reflecting the very goodness of God and showing what is pleasing to Him.
 - B. When God's people are pleasing to Him, then they taste His blessing.
 - C. What blessings are in store for those who walk humbly with God, doing justly and loving mercy!