PSALM 126:5,6 SONGS: 175 379 353 357

THE CHURCH'S CALLING AND PROMISE

INTRO: Psalm 126 is a song of degrees, song as God's people would go up to Jerusalem.

- We cannot determine the time of the Psalm. Always the church is in captivity. The word means in sore distress.
- Important is not the time, but the Who. The Lord turns back the captivity of his people. And he uses means.
- God uses the means of grace, the sowing of the precious seed of his Word.

I. THE NATURE OF THAT CALLING.

- A. The setting of our text.
 - 1. There is laughing and singing.
 - 2. The nature of the song: "The LORD hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad."
 - 3. But the song quickly turns into a fervent prayer.
- B. The figure used:
 - 1. It is a figure well known and used in the Scriptures. The farmer sowing his fields.
 - 2. It is a picture of the seed of God's Word planted into the regenerated heart.
 - 3. It is a picture of the sprouting, growing and bearing of much fruit.
 - 4. Jesus teaches the Parable of the Sower or the Parable of the Soils.
 - 5. At times it is a picture of the church as she is called to sow abundantly in good works (II Cor. 9:10).
- C. The task that is assigned to us.
 - 1. Many today are confused as to the calling and work of the church.
 - 2. The church is not called to entertain or to make the world a better place.
 - 3. She has one calling: to take the precious seed of God's Word and proclaim and scatter it.
 - 4. We are to do this individually and collectively as a church in our families, in the church & world.
 - 5. We are to do this with fidelity and faithfulness, in diligence and in obedience.

II. HOW THE CHURCH CARRIES IT OUT: WITH TEARS.

- A. There are tears because of the hard soil.
 - 1. The farmer finds hard difficult soil that needs much difficult work.
 - 2. This hard work is not only in the work of evangelism, but also in sowing the seed in the church.
 - 3. We labor not with the impression of the 'natural goodness of man' but the truth of depravity!
 - 4. Sowing of precious seed is not for the fainthearted. Not tears of frustration but compassion.
- B. There are tears because the enemy also sows seeds.
 - 1. Jesus tells us that the enemy comes in stealthfully sowing seeds of wickedness.
 - 2. The devil labors making use of our sinful flesh using many means to sow wicked seeds.
 - 3. We must expect that where there is the faithful sowing of the Word, the devil will labor!
 - 4. We sow with tears: tears for the church and tears for the glory of God.
- C. There are tears regarding the afflictions of God's people.
 - 1. Great are the afflictions of God's people.
 - 2. We sow tears of a soft heart towards God's needy saints.
 - 3. We come to them not with platitudes, but bearing precious seed.
- D. There are tears towards the precious seed that we sow.
 - 1. It is precious seed, the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ.
 - 2. Are we worthy to sow these seeds? Are we doing the utmost of our ability.
 - 3. We sow with tears of love for the Word, and the Christ we preach.

III. THE PROMISE GIVEN TO THE CHURCH.

- A. It is a sure promise.
 - 1. "Those that sow in tears shall reap in joy (vs. 5)."
 - 2. "shall doubtless comes again with rejoicing (vs. 6)."
 - 3. God's word does not go forth void but accomplishes his purpose.
- B. The needed patience.
 - 1. The farmer does not see the result of his labor overnight. He must in dependence wait for God.
 - 2. So also the church in prayer looks and waits for the Lord of the harvest to give the increase.
- C. The promise realized.
 - 1. In the earthly figure, at times like last year there were poor harvests.
 - 2. But God promises that the remnant is a great multitude that no man can number!
 - 3. There is joy, when the Lord says to us, "Enter into the joy of thy Master."