Hermeneutics II Falls International Baptist Institute Class Eleven Review of Hermeutics I

This is a study sheet for Hermeneutics I. Please study the whole sheet to prepare for the final exam. In our next lesson, we will give you a study sheet for Hermeneutics II. There will be a few questions from Hermeneutics I and a lot of questions from Hermeneutics II on the final exam.

I. The Dispensational Principle

- A. Definition: A dispensation is a period of time during which God deals in a particular way with man in respect to sin and man's responsibility.
- **B. Dispensations:**
 - 1. Innocence
 - 2. Conscience
 - 3. Human Government
- 4. Promise
- 5. Law
- 6. Grace
- 7. Tribulation
 - 8. Kingdom
- **II.** The Covenantal Principle
 - A. Definition: An agreement or a contract between men or between God and men. Remember there are conditional (depending on man) and unconditional (depending on God) covenats.
 - **B. Divisions:**
 - 1. Edenic Covenant (conditional)
 - 2. Adamic Covenant (unconditional)
 - 3. Noahic Covenant (unconditional)
 - 4. Abrahamic Covenant (unconditional)
 - 5. Mosaic Covenant (conditional)
 - 6. Davidic Covenant (Unconditional)
 - 7. Palestinian Covenant (Conditional)
 - 8. New Covenant (Unconditional)
- **III.** The Ethnic Division Principle (Pertaining to Races of People)

- A. Definition: This is the principle by which the Word of Truth is rightly divided in relation to the three classes of people in the Word of God: The Jew, the Gentile, and the Church of God.
- B. The Jew traces his ancestry to Abraham. All other nations are Gentiles. The Church is neither Jew not Gentile, but one body through Christ.
- <u>C.</u> Questions that the student must ask when studying the Word of God:
 1. Who said this?
- 2. To whom was it written?
- 3. What were the circumstances when it was said?
- 4. Who does it concern? The Jew, the Gentile, or the Church?

IV. The Discrimination Principle

- A. Definition: That principle by which we should divide the Word of Truth, so as to make a distinction where God makes a difference.
- B. Illustrations:
 - 1. The difference between the creatures and the children of God.
 - 2. The difference between being accepted in the beloved, and being acceptable in our walk.
 - 3. The difference between faith and works.
 - 4. The difference between salvation and rewards.
 - Note the five rewards or crowns:
 - a. Crown of rejoicing for soul winners
 - b. Incorruptible crown for one who keeps his body in subjection
 - <u>c.</u> <u>Crown of Rightousness for those who love His</u> <u>appearing</u>
 - d. Crown of Glory faithfulin ministering
 - e. Crown of Life endure testings
 - 5. The difference between the believer's position and practice (standing and state).
 - 6. The difference between a professor and a possessor.
 - 7. The difference between law and grace.
 - 8. The difference between the Kingdom of Heaven and the Kingdom of God.