## THE FAITH OF HAGAR

## Genesis 16:1-14

#### INTRODUCTION

- It is said that a mother's job is never done
- The most important job in the world is often the least valued
- Often mothers feel like they are slaves
- Today, we are going to look at a mother who really was a slave
- Hagar was a mother who did not have the ideal situation that a mother would want
- She was an outsider, and subsequently an outcast, rejected by the only family she had
- She was far from perfect and it is not hard to find a number of flaws in the choices she made, yet this unlikely lady became a recipient of the grace of God and the blessing of God
- Her name means "flight", "fugitive", "stranger"
- She was of Egyptian descent
- Abraham may have purchased her during his time in Egypt to be a maid to Sarah
- Hagar and Ishmael are used by Paul in Galatians as an allegory to represent those who attempt to be justified by works. (Galatians 4:21-31)

# I. HER ERRING CONDUCT (1-6)

A. There was failure on all parts

- 1. Sarah showed lack of faith in God fulfilling His promise.
  - a. She became fed up with waiting for God's timing, and decided to get things moving herself
  - b. She then took out her frustrations on Hagar, treating her harshly
- 2. Abram erred by listening to his wife's bad counsel and relinquishing his responsibility
  - a. Sometimes, Satan tempts us through those we love (Deuteronomy 13:6-8; Job 2:9; Matthew 10:37)
  - b. He did not consult the Lord (cf. Joshua 9:14)
  - c. He ignored his responsibility to deal with the problem (cf. David in 2 Samuel 13:1-39)
  - d. It would be another 13 years before God spoke to him again
- B. Hagar reacted poorly to both blessing and adversity
  - 1. She treated Sarah with contempt instead of respect (Proverbs 30:21-23)
  - 2. She fled from her problems instead of facing them

## II. HER ENCOUNTER WITH CHRIST (7-12)

- A. The angel of the LORD
  - 1. In Scripture, this often implies the presence of Deity in bodily form
  - 2. This is a pre-incarnate appearance of Christ

- 3. "Angel" means messenger (cf. John 1:1)
- B. She was found of the LORD (7)
  - 1. He seeks the wanderer (Genesis 3:9; Luke 15:4; 19:10)
  - 2. The Lord seeks us before we seek Him (Romans 5:8; 1 John 4:19)
  - 3. The Lord usually finds sinners when they are brought to great extremity (Psalm 119:67,71; Luke 15:14-17; 2 Corinthians 1:8-10)
- C. She was known by the LORD (8)
- D. She was examined by the LORD (8)
  - 1. Where have you come from? consider past sins
  - 2. Where are you going? consider impending death and judgment
- E. She was admonished by the LORD (9)
  - 1. Return (Jeremiah 3:22)
  - 2. When we are out of the way of duty, it behoves us to make haste to return to it
- F. She was encouraged by the LORD (10-12)
  - She would be constantly reminded that God heard her (Ishmael – God hears; Psalm 34:15)
  - 1. She would be blessed with many descendants
  - 2. She would one day be free, but not for another 15 years

## **III. HER EXPRESSION OF CONFIDENCE** (13-14)

- A. She acknowledged that God sees her
  - 1. This should cause us to fear he sees all we do and think (Proverbs 15:3)
  - 2. This should cause us to wonder the God of heaven regards *us* (Psalm 8:4)
  - 3. This should cause us to trust in him (Matthew 10:29-31)
- B. She acknowledged that she had seen God
  - 1. This is the confession of a justified person
  - 2. She demonstrated her faith was genuine by her obedience (James 2:17-18)

### CONCLUSION

- 1. The Lord still seeks for the lost ones today, yet most refuse his love and choose to remain lost in their sins
- 2. Learn from Hagar's errors, as well as her right choices
- 3. Do you run from problems?
- 4. Have you met the Lord?
- 5. Do you have confidence he hears and sees you?
- 6. Can you testify that you have seen him by faith?