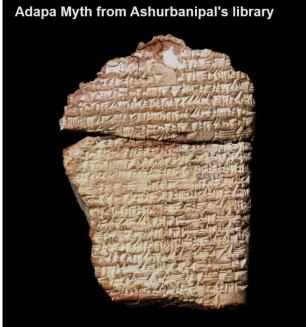
Genesis 3:1-24

Genesis 3:1 - Now the serpent was more crafty than any other beast of the field that the Lord God had made.

He said to the woman, "Did God actually say, 'You shall not eat of any tree in the garden'?"

559 [e] way·yō·mer	430 [e] 'ĕ·lō·hîm;	3068 [e			7704 [e] haś·śā·deh,	2416 [e] ḥay·ya <u>t</u>	3605 [e mik·kč	*		1961 [e] hā∙yāh		75 [e] ā·ḥāš
וַיּאמֶר And he said	. אֱלֹהֵים God	ְהוָרָה Yahwel		T 70 7 0 T - 1		וֹבֿל ^י than an	ום מ y more cunr	پر ing	הָיָה was	עָהַנְּחָשׁ 1 Now the serpent		
Conj-w V-Qal-ConsecImperf-3ms	N-mp	N-proper-ms	s V-Qal-Perf-3ms	Pro-r	Art N-ms	N-fsc	Prep-m N-ms	c Adj	-ms V-Qa	al-Perf-3ms	Conj-w, Art	N-ms
	1588 [e] hag·gān.	6086 [e] . 'êş	3605 [e] mik·kōl			3808 [e] lõ	430 [e] 'ĕ·lō·hîm,	559 [e] 'ā·mar	3588 [e] kî-		802 [e] hā·'iš·šāh,	413 [e] 'el-
?	ַבָּגָן:		מָבָּל		תְאֹכְלֹ	לא	אֱלֹהָים	אָמַר	ڭ	ባጅ •	T '1T	אָל־
	of the garden		of every Prep-m N-msc V		hall eat erf-2mp	not dv-NegPrt	God N-mp V-	Has said Qal-Perf-3ms	indeed Conj	Conj	the woman	

- 1. "You" is plural
- 2. Ancient cultures:
 - a. In the Epic of Gilgamesh the magical plant that will rejuvenate Gilgamesh is stolen by a snake.
 - b. In the Story of Adapa, the man Adapa who is the guardian of Anu's palace, is offered the food of life by a serpent shaped demon of the underworld.
 - c. In Egypt, the serpent is associated with two things:
 - i. Wisdom
 - ii. Death
- 3. "serpent" here is *nahas*.
- 4. This written account and the OT Hebrews never connected Satan with the serpent. But, the New Testament revelation seems to make the connection:
 - a. Revelation 20:2 "And he seized the dragon, that ancient serpent, who is the devil and Satan, and bound him for a thousand years,"
 - b. Revelation 12:9 "And the great dragon was thrown down, that ancient serpent, who is called the devil and Satan, the deceiver of the whole world—he was thrown down to the earth, and his angels were thrown down with him."
- 3:2 And the woman said to the serpent, "We may eat of the fruit of the trees in the garden, 3 but God said, 'You shall not eat of the fruit of the tree that is in the midst of the garden, neither shall you touch it, lest you die."



	398 [e] 1588 [e	e] 6086 [e]	6529 [e]	5175 [e]	413 [e] ε	802 [e]		559 [e]	
	nō⋅ <u>k</u> êl	. hag·gā	n 'êş	•	mip·pə·rî	han·nā·ḥāš;	'el	- hā·'	iš∙šāh		wat∙tō∙mer	•
·	נֹאכֶל:	ָּגָבָן נ	ַדְץ־ דַ	?	מְפְּרֵי	הַנָּחָשׁ	אָל־	ה	ָהָאִשָּׁי		וַתָּאׁמֶר	2
	we may ea	t of the garde	n of the trees	ŝ	the fruit	the serpent	to	the w	oman		and said	
	V-Qal-Imperf-1cp	Art N-c	s N-ms	: Prep-	m N-msc	Art N-ms	Prep) Art	N-fs C	onj-w V-Qal	-ConsecImperf-3fs	i
	4480 [e]	398 [e]	3808 [e]	430 [e]	559 [e]	1588 [e]	8432 [e]	834 [e]	6086 [e]	6529 [e	1
	mim·men·nū,	<u>t</u> ō·kə·lū	lō 'é	é·lō·hîm,	'ā∙mar	· hag·gāi	1	bə∙ <u>t</u> ō∙w <u>k</u> -	'ä∙šer	hā·'êş	ū·mip·pə·ri	ì
	בְּלֶנוּ –	תְאַכְלוּי	: לא	אֱלהָׁים	אָמַר	ַ בַּּלֶּ	ĭ	בְתוֹדְ־	אַשֶּר	רָעץ ֿ	ימפָּרָי	3
	it	you shall eat	not	God	has said	of the garder	in th	e middle	which [is]	of the tree	but of the fruit	t
	Prep 3ms \	V-Qal-Imperf-2mp	Adv-NegPrt	N-mp	V-Qal-Perf-3ms	Art N-c	Prep-	b N-msc	Pro-r	Art N-ms C	onj-w, Prep-m N-msc	:
						4191	[e] 643	5 [e]		5060	[e] 3808	3 [e]
						tə·mu· <u>t</u> ı	in.	pen-	bōw;	<u>tig</u> ·ge	er'ū w	ə·lō
						ַלְתְנוּךְ:	מָנ	ּ פֶּוִ־	įΣ	זַבָּר	۶ برد	וְלָא
						you	die	lest	it	shall you to:	uch	nor
					Λ.	/-Qal-Imperf-2mp	Pn	Conj	Prep 3ms	V-Qal-Imperf-2	mp Conj-w Adv-Neg	gPrt

3:4-5 - But the serpent said to the woman, "You will not surely die. 5 For God knows that when you eat of it your eyes will be opened, and you will be like God, knowing good and evil."



- 1. "you will be like God"
 - a. This promise is in reference to like God in "wisdom", "insight", "opened eyes"
- 2. Adam and Eve:
 - a. Lose their immortality
 - b. Lose their relationship with God
- 3:6 So when the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was a delight to the eyes, and that the tree was to be desired to make one wise, she took of its fruit and ate, and she also gave some to her husband who was with her, and he ate.
- 3:7 Then the eyes of both were opened, and they knew that they were naked. And they sewed fig leaves together and made themselves loincloths.

3:8 - And they heard the sound of the Lord God walking in the garden in the cool of the day, and the man and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the Lord God among the trees of the garden.



- 1. "cool" from the Hebrew [] 17 /roo-akh/ ruach means "wind", not "cool".
 - a. Nowhere does this Hebrew word mean "cool"
 - b. A more accurate translation would be "wind of the strom"
- 2. "yom" means "day"
 - a. Sounds like Akkadian umu
 - b. Isaiah 27:8 "day" sounds like a "storm":"Measure by measure, by exile you contended with them; he removed them with his fierce breath in the day of the east wind."



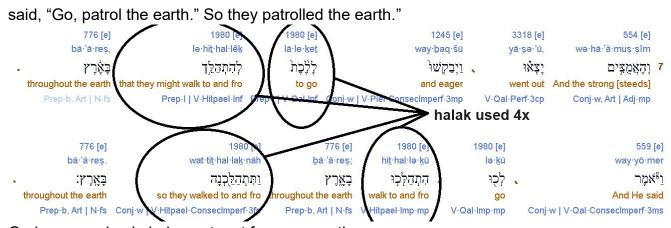
c. Zephaniah 2:2 -

"before the decree takes effect—before the day passes away like chaff— before there comes upon you the burning anger of the LORD, before there comes upon you the day of the anger of the LORD."





- 3. "in the breeze of the day" or in Hebrew ruach ha yom = "the wind of the Day"
 - a. The Day being the Day of judgment
 - b. The Wind being the Wind of the Lord's anger
- 4. In Zechariah 6:7 the same verb *halak* /haw-lak/ translated "walking" also means "to go", "come" and is used in Zechariah 6:7 four times to refer to angelic troops circulating on the earth in judgment:
 - "When the strong horses came out, they were impatient to go and patrol the earth. And he



- 5. God was coming in judgment, not for conversation.
- 3:9 But the Lord God called to the man and said to him, "Where are you?"
 - 1. "you" is singular
- 3:10 And he said, "I heard the sound of you in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked, and I hid myself."



- 3:11 He said, "Who told you that you were naked? Have you eaten of the tree of which I commanded you not to eat?"
- 3:12 The man said, "The woman whom you gave to be with me, she gave me fruit of the tree, and I ate."
- 3:13 Then the Lord God said to the woman, "What is this that you have done?" The woman said, "The serpent deceived me, and I ate."
- 3:14-15 The Lord God said to the serpent,
- "Because you have done this,
 cursed are you above all livestock
 and above all beasts of the field;
 on your belly you shall go,
 and dust you shall eat
 all the days of your life.
 15 I will put enmity between you and the woman,

and between your offspring and her offspring; he shall bruise your head, and you shall bruise his heel."

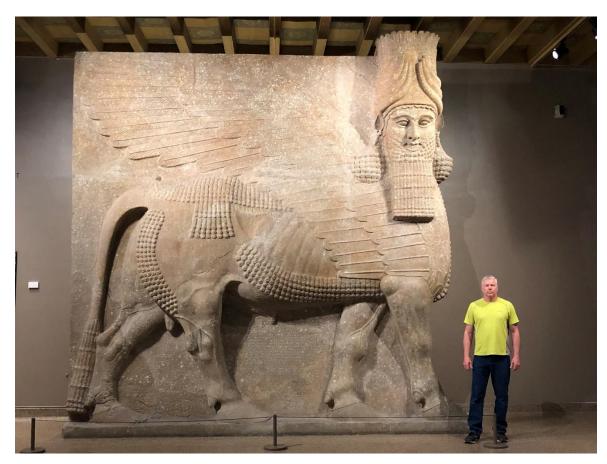
3:16 - To the woman he said,

"I will surely multiply your pain in childbearing; in pain you shall bring forth children. Your desire shall be contrary to your husband, but he shall rule over you."

3:17-19 - And to Adam he said,

"Because you have listened to the voice of your wife and have eaten of the tree of which I commanded you, 'You shall not eat of it,' cursed is the ground because of you; in pain you shall eat of it all the days of your life; 18 thorns and thistles it shall bring forth for you; and you shall eat the plants of the field.
19 By the sweat of your face you shall eat bread, till you return to the ground, for out of it you were taken; for you are dust, and to dust you shall return."

- 3:20 The man called his wife's name Eve, because she was the mother of all living.
- 3:21 And the Lord God made for Adam and for his wife garments of skins and clothed them.
 - 1. In the Story of Adapa, the man Adapa is given clothing by Anu (a god) after Adapa loses the opportunity to eat from the bread and water of life.
- 3:22 Then the Lord God said, "Behold, the man has become like one of us in knowing good and evil. Now, lest he reach out his hand and take also of the tree of life and eat, and live forever—"
- 3:23-24 therefore the Lord God sent him out from the garden of Eden to work the ground from which he was taken. 24 He drove out the man, and at the east of the garden of Eden he placed the cherubim and a flaming sword that turned every way to guard the way to the tree of life.
 - 1. Cherubim are a supernatural creature (a class of "angel") that function as guardians. They are portrayed as beasts, not men. They stand on four-feet, and not upright. They are the lamassu, griffins and sphinxes of the ancient world.





Assyrian Lamassu