### Hebrews 1:1-3

- <sup>1</sup> God, who at various times and in various ways spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets,
- <sup>2</sup> has in these last days spoken to us by His Son, whom He has appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the worlds;
- <sup>3</sup> who being the brightness of His glory and the express image of His person, and upholding all things by the word of His power, when He had by Himself purged our sins, sat down at the right hand of the Majesty on high,

# Who is God's Son? Hebrews 1:1-3

#### INTRO:

Perhaps the most important question any can ask is: "Who is Jesus Christ?" Is He the eternal Son of God, or is He simply a good teacher? Is He God incarnate in human flesh, or simply a man about whom a myth has grown so that some declare His divinity? The Bible is unequivocal about its answer to these questions. The Lord Jesus Christ is God incarnate in human flesh. We find such a declaration of this fact in the opening paragraph of the book of Hebrews.

The writer of Hebrews begins his book without the usual identification and greeting in order to jump right into his subject. What a subject it is. Who is Jesus, the Son of the Living God? We explore this question with the writer under two heads.

I. The Son's Revelation (1:1-2)
II. The Son's Definition (1:3)

# I. The Son's Revelation (v. 1-2)

Hebrews 1:1–2 "God, who at various times and in various ways spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets, has in these last days spoken to us by His Son, whom He has appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the worlds."

A. In the revelation of God there is diversity and unity. First, He begins to underline the diversity in the first verse by emphasizing that God's revelation through the prophets was first a piecemeal revelation. The first word in the Greek sentence is the word translated "at various times." In our translation could probably be better translated "in many parts." God revealed Himself in the Bible, little by little, and bit

by bit. Each installment built on what had come before to give us what we call a progressive revelation. Isaiah, the prophet, described God's revelation in **Isaiah 28:10** as:

"For precept must be upon precept, precept upon precept, Line upon line, line upon line, Here a little, there a little."

- B. The revelation through the prophets came in "various ways."
  - 1. God spoke with Adam in the cool of the day in the Garden. He appeared to Abraham in a theophany. He spoke to Jacob in a dream and as the Angel of the LORD He wrestled with Jacob.
  - 2. To Moses God spoke "face to face as a man speaks with his friend" (Exodus 33:11). He also dictated to Moses the Law. From Moses to Malachi, God revelation is presented as history, Psalm, and prophecy. God's method of revelation was diverse in form.
- D. It also over a long time. Now everything has changed.

Hebrews 1:1-2 "God, who at various times and in various ways spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets, has in these last days spoken to us in His Son."

- 1. Do you see the contrast? The first revelation was in time past and to the fathers. It was a historical revelation. It happened in the past. It also was a revelation to our forbearers in the faith. While there is a difference in our times and cultural situations, it is still a revelation that we need to see and understand.
- 2. The culmination of the revelation came in *"these last days."* (v.2) This is the Messianic age.

E. In contrast to the progressive and piecemeal revelation of the prophets, we have the completion of the revelation in the Lord Jesus Christ.

v.2a "Has in these last days spoken to us by His Son."

God's last word to man is found in the person of the Lord Jesus Christ.

## *II. The Son's Definition (1:2b-3)*

Hebrews 1:2–3 "[God] has in these last days spoken to us in His Son, whom He has appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the worlds; who being the brightness of His glory and the express image of His person, and upholding all things by the word of His power, when He had by Himself purged our sins, sat down at the right hand of the Majesty on high."

A. The complete and perfect revelation of the one true and living God is in the Son. How does that work? First, Jesus was:

v.2b "appointed the heir of all things."

This simply means that the Son of God is the focus and point of everything. In **Revelation 4:11**, we read of the 24 elders engaging in worship of the Lord and saying:

"Thou art worthy, O Lord, to receive glory and honor and power: for thou hast created all things, and for thy pleasure they are [exist] and were created."

- B. Second, He is also the one through whom God the Father created all things.
- v.2c "Through whom also He made the worlds."

John 1:3 says, "All things were made through Him, and without Him nothing was made that was made."

The emphasis here is that He not only created everything, but He created and controls all the ages of time.

C. Third, the Lord Jesus is the one,

v.3a "who is [being] the brightness of His glory and the express image of His person."

The word "being" is important. The Lord Jesus was always the image of God Himself. He did not become it. He has always been the radiance of His glory. He has also always been the image of the Father's person. That is why Jesus could say to Philip in **John 14:9**:

"Have I been with you so long, and yet you have not known Me, Philip? He who has seen Me has seen the Father;?"

Jesus is God of very God.

D. Fourth, He upholds all things by the word of His power. Jesus sustains the universe that He has made. Do we see His Majesty and His divinity here?

Colossians 1:16-17 "For by Him all things were created that are in heaven and that are on earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones or dominions or principalities or powers. All things were created through Him and for Him. And He is before all things, and in Him all things consist."

What angel could do this? None. Could any created being? Absolutely not!

E. Fifth, He is the one who "when He had by Himself purged our sins, sat down at the right hand of the Majesty on high." (v.3) Jesus put away our sins, if we have put our trust in Him. One of the recurring themes in this book is how the sacrifice of the Lord Jesus took care of our sin once for all.

We have learned many things about who the Lord Jesus Christ is today. The most important thing that He can be for you is your Savior. Have you believed in Him? Has He saved you once for all? Have your sins been purged.

Christians do we love and adore Him? Do we simply want to glorify Him and obey Him	า?