Pastor Matt Morrell Sunday, August 11, 2013 Fourth Baptist Church

## "The Person of Positive Thinking"

## 2 Corinthians 2:12-17

Long before Norman Vincent Peale proposed his Power of Positive Thinking, Paul found encouragement in God. Paul triumphed in the Person of Christ!

| I.  | Paul's | :  | (12-13    |
|-----|--------|----|-----------|
| II. | Paul's | ;; | (14-17    |
|     | A      |    | (14a)     |
|     | В      |    | (14b)     |
|     | C      |    | (14c-16b) |
|     | D      |    | (16c-17)  |

In [Paul's] mind is the picture of a Roman Triumph and of Christ as a universal conqueror. The highest honor which could be given to a victorious Roman general was a Triumph. To attain it he must satisfy certain conditions. He must have been the actual commander-in-chief in the field. The campaign must have been completely finished, the region pacified and the victorious troops brought home. Five thousand of the enemy at least must have fallen in one engagement. A positive extension of territory must have been gained, and not merely a disaster retrieved or an attack repelled. And the victory must have been won over a foreign foe and not in civil war.

In a Triumph the procession of the victorious general marched through the streets of Rome to the Capitol in the following order. First came the state officials and the senate. Then came the trumpeters. Then were carried the spoils taken from the conquered land. For instance, when Titus conquered Jerusalem, the sevenbranched candlestick, the golden table of shew-bread and the golden trumpets were carried through the streets of Rome. Then came pictures of the conquered land and models of conquered citadels and ships. There followed the white bull for sacrifice which would be made. Then there walked the captive princes, leaders and generals in chains, shortly to be flung into prison and in all probability almost immediately executed.

Then came the lictors bearing their rods, followed by the musicians with their lyres; then the priests swinging their censers with the sweet-smelling incense burning in them. After that came the general himself. He stood in a chariot drawn by four horses. He was clad in a purple tunic embroidered with golden palm leaves, and over it a purple toga marked out with golden stars. In his hand he held an ivory scepter with the Roman eagle at its top, and over his head a slave held the crown of Jupiter. After him rode his family; and finally came the army wearing all their decorations and shouting, "Io triumphe!" their cry of triumph. As the procession moved through the streets, all decorated and garlanded, amid the cheering crowds, it made a tremendous day which might happen only once in a lifetime.

- William Barclay