UNDERSTANDING GOD'S DIVINELY DESIGNED RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE HUSBAND TOWARD HIS WIFE AND FAMILY (Ephesians 5:22-32; Colossians 3:19; 1 Peter 3:7)

• What is the hardest part of being a godly husband?

I. THE HUSBAND IS THE LEADER OF THE HOME (Eph. 5:23-24; 1Cor. 11:3)

A. God declares the <u>"HUSBAND IS THE HEAD OF THE WIFE</u>."

B. God declares the <u>WIFE BE SUBJECT TO HER OWN HUSBAND</u>.

II. FALSE MISCONCEPTIONS ABOUT THE "HEADSHIP" OF THE HUSBAND

- A. Headship does not mean the husband is to be a **<u>DICTATOR</u>**.
- **B.** Headship does not imply the superiority of the husband, but his <u>FUNCTIONAL DIFFERENCE</u> in marriage.
- C. Headship does not mean the husband is the exclusive decision-maker without <u>DELEGATION</u> and <u>DISCUSSION</u>.
- **D.** Headship does not mean the husband is always right, but it does mean he is always <u>RESPONSIBLE</u> for his family.
- E. Headship is never to be <u>DEMANDED</u> or <u>COMMANDED</u> by the husband.

* What comes along with the husband's authority?

III. GOD'S DESIGNED RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE HUSBAND (Eph. 5:22-32; Col. 3:19; 1Pet. 3:7)

As head of the home ... A. A Husband LEADS HIS HOME. (Ephesians 5:22-24)

1. A husband ______ and _____ grows spiritually. (Titus 2:1-2, 6-8)

* What is needed for this to practically occur on a daily basis?

2. A husband ______ and _____ his home. (1Tim. 3:4-5, 12-13)

* What is the husband's authority limited by?

3. A husband ______ for his home. (1Tim. 5:8; 1Pet. 3:7)

* What is the husband responsible and accountable for in his home?

4. A husband ______ his wife. (Eph. 5:25-29, 32; Col. 3:19)

- 5. A husband meets the ______ and _____ of his wife. (1Cor. 7:1-5; 1Pet. 3:7)
- 6. A husband gives ______ and _____ to his family. (1Cor. 14:34-35; 1Tim. 2:9-15)
- 7. A husband _____, ____ and _____ the children. (Deut. 6:5-9; Eph. 6:1-4; Col. 3:20-21; 1Tim. 3:4, 12; Titus 1:6)

* Is God's grace sufficient for all these leadership responsibilities to be true in your marriage and home?

B. A husband LOVES HIS WIFE. (Ephesians 5:25-29)

- 1. The **meaning** of love "agape" = _____ * Where do "philia" and "eros" love come in? 2. The **regularity** of love – it is to be ______ and _____. * What does this mean practically? 3. The **importance** of love – it is a ______ from the Lord. * Why is this imperative and not optional? 4. The **elements** of love – it is primarily and . * How does love differ from infatuation? 5. The **nature** of love – it is ______, not _____. * What is this in contrast to? 6. The **example** of love – it is ______.
 - * How has Christ's love been demonstrated to us?
 - * How is Christ's love being demonstrated to us? (5:26-29)