

"Introduction #2 to the Judges" Judges 2:6-3:6

I.	In	In a sad commentary on Israel's spiritual heritage, a			
		ge	neration is characterized by not		
		of	God or His works (2:6-10).		
Deutero	onom	ıy 4:	9-10; Psalm 127		
	a.	Isr	ael's new generation serves gods		
		an	d arouses God's anger (2:11-13).		
Deutero	onom	y 5:	7-10; 1 Corinthians 10:19-20		
	b.	Consistent with His covenant promises, God delivers			
		Isr	ael into the hands of her enemies leaving them in		
			(2:14-15).		
Exodus	32:9)-14;	Psalm 115:3		
II.	Go	od ra	sises up judges/deliverers to save them from their		
	captives (2:16, 18b).				
		a.	Israel's history follows a		
			pattern of sin, judgment, crying out, and deliverance		
			through a judge (2:16-18).		
		b.	Once the judge died, Israel gained boldness in their		
			sin and the previous		
			generation in corruption (2:19).		
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III. God is	angry and notes a cessation of His	s plan to drive out
the	(2:2)	0-22).
a.	God has manifold purposes in His	s judgments—here
	it seems to be a blend of	Israe
	and training a younger generation	in warfare (2:23-
	3:2).	
b.	Israel now w	ith Canaanites,
failing to maintain holiness/separateness from		ateness from the
	sinful culture around them (3:3-6)).
John 17:14-19		