Intro:

- IV. Apostates Illustrated
 - A. Characteristics of Their Nature vs 8-10
 - 1. Ties that Bind, "The New" is the Same as "The Old" vs 8a
 - a. Likewise
 - i. transition from previous illustrations
 - ii. Today's apostates exhibit some of the same ungodly character traits b. also these dreamers
 - i. *enupniazomai* to dream:--dream(-er).
 - ii. Used only 1 other time Ac 2:16-17 referring to Joel's prophecy
 - refers to revelatory dreams rather than normal dreams
 - this will happen during the tribulation—Joel 2:28-32
 - false teachers were and still do claim their drams as authoritative, a divine source for their "new truths" Mormonism, etc.
 - iii. Moses and Paul both warned of these dreamers De 13:1-5; Col 2:18-19
 - iv. NT normal use for dreams is *onar* Mt 1:20; 2:12,13,19,22; 27:19
 - 2. Their Immorality vs 8b
 - a. the flesh,
 - i. *sarx* flesh, the body (as opposed to the soul (or spirit), or as the symbol of what is external, or human nature (with its frailties (physically or morally) and passions), or (specially), a human being (as such):--carnal(-ly, + -ly minded), flesh(-ly).
 - ii. Here, referring to the body
 - b. defile
 - i. *miaino* to sully or taint, contaminate (ceremonially or morally):--defile.
 - ii. When linked with *sarx*, refers to moral and physical defilement, or sexual sin
 - c. false teachers are immoral even if their immorality is not publicly known
 - i. they are w/o the Spirit Jd 19
 - ii. Evidenced by their abandonment of the truth 1 Jo 2:19-23
 - iii. they have no ability to restrain the passion of lust Ro 6:20-21; 8:7-8; Gal 5:19
 - 3. Their Insubordination vs 8c
 - a. reject
 - i. *atheteo* to set aside, to disesteem, neutralize or violate:--cast off, despise, disannul, frustrate, bring to naught, reject.
 - ii. Refers to destroying something established
 - b. authority,
 - i. *kuriotes* mastery, rulers:--dominion, government.
 - ii. They demand to rule their own lives and therefore will not submit to Christ vs 4; Mt 23:27-28
 - 4. Their Irreverence vs 8d-10
 - a. and speak evil of dignitaries.
 - i. *blasphemeo* to vilify; to speak impiously: blaspheme(-er, -mously, -my), defame, rail on, revile, speak evil.
 - ii. *doxa* glory (as very apparent), dignity, glory(-ious), honor, praise, worship.

- could refer to God's majesty
- angelic majesties is better b/c of following context and as Peter uses the same word in the same way in parallel passage 2 Pet 2:10
- b. Michael the archangel
 - i. God's most powerful angel, protector of God's people Da 10:13; 12:1
 - ii. contending with the devil, when he disputed about the body of Moses,
 - did not show irreverence dared not bring against him a reviling accusation, Zec 3:2; 2Pe 2:11;
 - but said, "The Lord rebuke you!" Re 12:7-9
- c. But these the apostates
 - i. speak evil of whatever they do not know; their behavior demonstrates their ignorance and presumption
 - ii. and like brute beasts, 2Pe 2:12
 - alogos irrational:--brute, unreasonable.
 - whatever they know naturally by instinct
 - iii. in these things they corrupt themselves.
 - *phtheiro* to shrivel or wither, to spoil (by any process), to ruin (by moral influences, to deprave):--corrupt (self), defile, destroy.
 - from their own lying and deceiving, they bring judgment on themselves
- B. Correlations to Past Apostates vs 11 learning from past history
 - 1. Cain
 - a. Woe to them!
 - i. following Christ's example Mt 23:13-16,23,25,27,29; also the prophets
 - Isa 3:9,11; 5:8-23; 29:15
 - ii. Woe an emotional cry alas, how horrible it will be
 - b. For they have gone in the way of Cain, Ge 4:1-15
 - i. the fact that Cain's sacrifice was unacceptable proves that he had been told but had invented his own form of worship
 - ii. Cain was religious but disobedient, as are false teachers
 - 2. Balaam
 - a. their motive for doing what they do money Ps 10:3; Mic 3:11; 1 Ti 6:10
 - b. have run greedily in the error of Balaam for profit, Nu 22-24; 2Pe 2:15-16
 - 3. Korah
 - a. and perished in the rebellion of Korah Nu 16
 - b. When not chosen to be priest, showing contempt gathered 250 others to rebell against Moses' leadership
 - c. God responded in decisive way Nu 16:32-35
 - d. others, sympathetic to Korah, grumbled, God sent a plague killing 14,700 Nu 16:41-50
- C. Comparisons with Five natural Phenomena vs 12-13
 - 1. Hidden Reefs (spots) vs 12
 - a. These are spots in your love feasts,
 - i. spilas a hidden reef an unseen danger
 - ii. Reg church gathering for the purpose of mutual instruction Ac 17:11, encouragement Heb 10:24-25, confrontation Heb 3:13, and care Ro 12:10; 13:3;
 - similar to a potluck
 - became corrupted and abused by the defiling influence of false teachers and was abandoned 1Co 11:21

- b. while they feast with you without fear,
 - i. their consciences were seared, they were adept hypocrites 1 Ti 4:2
 - ii. *poimaino* to tend as a shepherd of (superviser):--feed (cattle), rule.
 - iii. serving only themselves.
- 2. Waterless Clouds
 - a. They are clouds without water, 2Pe 2:17
 - i. appear to have that which refreshes,
 - ii. promise spiritual blessing Pr 25:14
 - iii. *anudros* waterless, i.e. dry:--dry, without water. Used of the wanderings of evil spirits Lk 11:24-26
 - b. carried about by the winds;
- 3. Fruitless Autumn Trees
 - a. late autumn trees without fruit,
 - i. autumn was harvest time for fruit trees
 - ii. Without which there would hardship through the winter
 - b. twice dead,
 - i. without fruit the sign of life
 - ii. pulled up by the roots; Mt 15:13
- 4. Wild Sea Waves vs 13
 - a. raging waves of the sea, Isa 57:20-21
 - b. foaming up their own shame; their disgraceful attitudes and actions display all forms of heresies and deceptions **Php 3:19**
- 5. Wandering Stars
 - a. wandering stars a meteorite that flashes across the sky
 - b. for whom is reserved the blackness of darkness forever whose brilliance flashes then is gone