I. Introduction and Review.

II. The LORD speaks to you with authority. 2:2-3

- A. God's Word is perfect. v. 2
 - 1. We have infallible revelation from God. v. 2a II Pet. 1:20-21 II Ti. 3:16
 - 2. God makes Himself clear. v. 2b He does not mumble.
 - 3. God's Word is meant to be widely known. v. 2c <u>Isa. 30:8</u> Deut. 27:8 Ex. 17:14 Jer. 30:2 Rev. 1:19
- B. God's timing is perfect. v. 3 Dan. 8:19 Isa. 55:8-9
 - 1. He has appointed the precise moment of fulfillment. v. 3ab Da. 11:35 8:17 Ga.4:4
 - 2. He will certainly keep His promises. v. 3d Nu. 23:19 Dt. 7:10 Da. 9:19 Isa. 26:13
- C. In the meantime, patiently wait on the LORD to fulfill His promises. v. 3c Da. 12:12 Isa. 64:4 Ps. 27:14 33:20
 - 1. The Jews in exile had to wait for the crushing defeat of Babylon by the Medes and Persians in 539 B.C. 2:6-20
 - 2. God's people had to wait many centuries for the Messiah's advent. Ga. 4:4
 - 3. We have to wait patiently for the return of Christ and the final judgment of the wicked. Heb. 10:32-29 Rev. 17-18
 - 4. God's timing is not ours. Isa. 55:8-9 II Pet. 3:3-9

III.Live arrogantly and you will die. v. 4ab,5

- A. The wicked oppose God.
 - 1. Pride is the opposite of faith. v. 4ab Pr. 21:24
 - a. The Babylonians exalt themselves. 1:7b,11c,15d-16a
 - b. They are inwardly perverse. Mark 7:21-23 Ecc. 7:29 Deut. 32:4
 - c. They are typical of man in his pride and self reliance.
 - d. Pride is most hateful to God.
 - 2. The man addicted to evil will never be satisfied, in spite of his excesses. v. 5
 - a. A picture of the Babylonians: literally drunk and drunk with power.
 - b. They typify all who seek satisfaction from worldly things (idols). Is. 55:1f Ecc. 1:8 5:10 Pr. 30:15-16
- B. The arrogant will perish in unbelief. v. 6-20 Isa. 13:11 I Pet. 5:5
 - 1. The Babylonians perished (ironically in a proud drunken stupor). Dan. 5
 - 2. As will all who oppose God.

IV. Believe God and live. v. 4c

- A. Those who patiently trust the LORD receive life. Heb. 10:38
 - 1. This is the answer to Habakkuk's question: the problem of evil.
 - 2. Rely upon God in spite of circumstances and appearances. Heb. 10:37-11:1
 - 3. In what sense will Habakkuk and other remaining believers "live" through the destruction by the Babylonians? 1:12c Heb. 11:39,13
 - 4. Faith has always been the only way men could be rightly related to God. Ge.15:6
 - 5. Trust God because He is faithful. <u>Deut. 32:4</u> Ps. 119:138,90,86,75

- B. You are justified by faith. Ro. 1:16-17 Gal. 3:10-11
 - 1. You have no righteousness of your own. Rom. 3:10-18,23 6:23 Eph. 2:1-3
 - 2. You cannot gain life by your works. Ro. 3:20 Ga. 3:10-11 2:16 Eph. 2:9
 - 3. You can only be saved through faith in Christ, through whose finished work God declares sinners righteous. Ro. 3:21-28 5:1 Phi. 3:9 Jo. 3:16 II Co. 5:21 I Pe. 3:18 Isa. 53:4-6,11 Gal. 3:13
 - 4. God gives you life. Eph. 2:4f Isa. 55:3 Amos 5:4,6
 - a. He gives us regenerating life by which we believe.
 - b. He gives us eternal life in union with Jesus.
 - c. The picture of baptism. Rom. 6:4
 - 5. There is not, nor has there ever been, another way to be right with God. He. 11:5 Jo. 14:6 Acts 4:12 Ga. 3:6-9 OT: Looked ahead: what God was going: do: Messiah
 - a. This doctrine did not originate with Luther or even with Paul or Habakkuk.
 - b. Abraham is the paradigm of faith. Gen. 15:6 Ro. 4:1-3,16 Ga. 3:9
 - c. David was saved by grace. Ps. 32:1-2 Ro. 4:6-8
 - d. All of Scripture points to this truth. Ge. 3:15 <u>Is. 28:16</u> 53:1f Jo. 3:5 Lu. 24:27
- C. Continue to live by faith (sanctification).
 - 1. Believing is not a one time event, but rather it is the beginning of a life of trusting God. II Co. 5:17 Ezek. 36:25-27
 - 2. Having begun by faith, don't regress to lesser principles. <u>Ga. 3:3</u> Col. 2:20-23 Ro. 6:1 James 2:21-24
 - 3. The greater your faith, the more life you will enjoy!
 - a. All sin is due to unbelief. Ro. 14:23b Heb. 3:19
 - b. All righteousness springs from faith. Heb. 11:6
 - 4. By faith you can do extraordinary things. Heb. 11:4f
 - a. Obey God's commandments by faith. Heb. 11:17,4 John
 - b. Serve and worship God by faith. Heb. 11:24-27
 - c. Endure trails by faith. Heb. 11:35-38 Ro. 5:1-5 II Co. 4:16-18
 - 5. Your faith will be richly rewarded. Heb. 11:13-16, 26, 39-40,4
- V. Concluding Applications. Which way do you choose: Faith or Unfaith? Josh 24:24-25 Ps. 119:75,90 I Co. 15:58

Discussion Questions for Family Worship

- 1. Why does the LORD tell Habakkuk to record his vision?
- 2. What do verses 2-3 teach concerning the nature of God's Word?
- 3. What do verse 2-3 teach concerning the nature of God's control over history?
- 4. What does it mean to "wait upon the LORD"? In what ways do you have to wait?
- 5. What is the basic character of the unrighteous? v. 4ab.5
- 6. What is the outcome of proud unbelief?
- 7. How does "the just shall live by faith" apply in Habakkuk's situation?
- 8. How can you be righteous in the eyes of God?
- 9. Were people under the Old Covenant saved in a different way?
- 10. How does one live by faith after becoming a Christian?
- 11. How can you live by faith in the midst of your trials (evil)?